



Prospectus

December 29, 2023

Western Asset Institutional U.S. Treasury Reserves

Share class (Symbol): Institutional Shares (CIIXX)

Western Asset Institutional U.S. Treasury Obligations Money Market Fund

Share class (Symbol): Institutional Shares (LUIXX)

Western Asset Institutional Government Reserves

Share class (Symbol): Institutional Shares (INGXX)



The Securities and Exchange Commission has not approved or disapproved these securities or determined whether this Prospectus is accurate or complete. Any statement to the contrary is a crime.

INVESTMENT PRODUCTS: NOT FDIC INSURED • NO BANK GUARANTEE • MAY LOSE VALUE

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Western Asset Institutional U.S. Treasury Reserves

Investment objective

The fund's investment objective is to provide shareholders with liquidity and as high a level of current income from U.S. government obligations as is consistent with preservation of capital.

Fees and expenses of the fund

The accompanying table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell Institutional Shares of the fund. You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the tables and examples below.

Shareholder fees

(fees paid directly from your investment)

Maximum sales charge (load) imposed on purchases	None
Maximum deferred sales charge (load)	None

Annual fund operating expenses (%)¹

(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Management fees ¹	0.20
Distribution and/or service (12b-1) fees	None
Other expenses	0.01
Total annual fund operating expenses ¹	0.21
Fees waived and/or expenses reimbursed ²	(0.03)
Total annual fund operating expenses after waiving fees and/or reimbursing expenses	0.18

¹ The fund is a feeder fund that invests in securities through an underlying mutual fund, U.S. Treasury Reserves Portfolio. The information in this table and in the Example below reflects the direct fees and expenses of the fund and its allocated share of fees and expenses of U.S. Treasury Reserves Portfolio. Since the fund invests all of its investable assets in U.S. Treasury Reserves Portfolio, the fund's management agreement provides that the investment management fee of the fund will be reduced by the investment management fee allocated to the fund by U.S. Treasury Reserves Portfolio. The gross expenses in the financial highlights do not reflect the reduction in the fund's management fee by the amount paid by the fund for its allocable share of the management fee paid to U.S. Treasury Reserves Portfolio.

² The manager has agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse operating expenses (other than interest, brokerage, taxes, extraordinary expenses and acquired fund fees and expenses) so that the ratio of total annual fund operating expenses will not exceed 0.18% for Institutional Shares, subject to recapture as described below. This arrangement cannot be terminated prior to December 31, 2024 without the Board of Trustees' consent. Additional amounts may be voluntarily waived and/or reimbursed from time to time. The manager is permitted to recapture amounts waived and/or reimbursed to the class during the same fiscal year if the class' total annual fund operating expenses have fallen to a level below the limit described above. In no case will the manager recapture any amount that would result, on any particular business day of the fund, in the class' total annual fund operating expenses exceeding the limit described above or any other lower limit then in effect.

Example

This example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The example assumes:

- You invest \$10,000 in the fund for the time periods indicated
- Your investment has a 5% return each year and the fund's operating expenses remain the same (except that any applicable fee waiver or expense reimbursement is reflected only through its expiration date)
- You reinvest all distributions and dividends without a sales charge

Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

Number of years you own your shares (\$)	1 year	3 years	5 years	10 years
Institutional Shares (with or without redemption at end of period)	18	65	116	265

The fund is a feeder fund that invests in securities through an underlying mutual fund, U.S. Treasury Reserves Portfolio, which has the same investment objective and strategies as the fund. This structure is sometimes known as a "master/feeder" structure.

Principal investment strategies

The fund is a money market fund that, under normal circumstances, invests at least 80% of its net assets in U.S. Treasury obligations. In addition, the fund may invest in repurchase agreements that are fully collateralized by U.S. Treasury obligations or cash. U.S. Treasury obligations include, without limitation, U.S. Treasury bills, notes and bonds; STRIPS, which are individual interest and principal components of eligible Treasury notes and bonds that are traded as separate securities; and TIPS, which are inflation-protected securities issued by the U.S. Treasury, the principal of which increases with inflation and decreases with deflation, as measured by the Consumer Price Index.

The fund holds all of its assets in U.S. Treasury obligations, repurchase agreements that are fully collateralized by U.S. Treasury obligations, and cash. Therefore, the fund meets the requirement under Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"), that a government money market fund invest at least 99.5% of its total assets in U.S. government securities, cash, and/or repurchase agreements that are fully collateralized by U.S. government securities or cash. "Government securities" means any securities issued or guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States, or by a person controlled or supervised by and acting as an instrumentality of the Government of the United States pursuant to authority granted by the Congress of the United States; or any certificate of deposit for any of the foregoing.

As a government money market fund, the fund tries to maintain a share price of \$1.00. Pursuant to Rule 2a-7 under the 1940 Act, the fund must follow strict rules as to the quality, liquidity, diversification and maturity of its investments.

The fund may hold cash for cash management and defensive purposes. During unusual market conditions, the fund may hold up to 100% of its assets in cash. Although the fund intends to invest in U.S. government securities, an investment in the fund is neither insured nor guaranteed by the U.S. government.

Principal risks

You could lose money by investing in the fund. Although the fund seeks to preserve the value of your investment at \$1.00 per share, it cannot guarantee it will do so. An investment in the fund is not a bank account and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. The fund's sponsor is not required to reimburse the fund for losses, and you should not expect that the sponsor will provide financial support to the fund at any time, including during periods of market stress.

During periods of market stress, there could be significant redemptions from money market funds in general, potentially driving the market prices of money market instruments down and adversely affecting market liquidity.

The fund could underperform other short-term debt instruments or money market funds, or you could lose money, as a result of risks such as:

Market and interest rate risk. The market prices of securities held by the fund may go up or down, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. While the fund seeks to maintain a \$1.00 share price, if the market prices of the fund's securities fall, the value of your investment in the fund could decline. The market price of a security may fall due to general market conditions, such as real or perceived adverse economic or political conditions or trends, tariffs and trade disruptions, inflation, substantial economic downturn or recession, changes in interest rates, lack of liquidity in the bond markets or adverse investor sentiment.

Market prices will generally go down when interest rates rise. A rise in rates tends to have a greater impact on the prices of longer term securities. A general rise in interest rates may cause investors to move out of fixed income securities on a large scale, which could adversely affect the price and liquidity of fixed income securities and could also result in increased redemptions from the fund. The fund may face a heightened level of interest rate risk due to changes in monetary policy. When interest rates go down, the fund's yield will decline. Also, when interest rates decline, investments made by the fund may pay a lower interest rate, which would reduce the income received by the fund. Recently, there have been inflationary price movements, which have caused the fixed income securities markets to experience heightened levels of interest rate volatility and

liquidity risk. The U.S. Federal Reserve has been raising interest rates from historically low levels. It may continue to raise interest rates. In addition, changes in monetary policy may exacerbate the risks associated with changing interest rates. Any additional interest rate increases in the future could cause the value of the fund's holdings to decrease. It cannot be predicted when inflation will return to more normalized levels or how long financial authorities will counter inflationary pressures with monetary tightening.

Market events risk. The market values of securities or other assets will fluctuate, sometimes sharply and unpredictably, due to factors such as economic events, governmental actions or intervention, actions taken by the U.S. Federal Reserve or foreign central banks, market disruptions caused by trade disputes, labor strikes or other factors, political developments, armed conflicts, economic sanctions and countermeasures in response to sanctions, major cybersecurity events, the global and domestic effects of widespread or local health, weather or climate events, and other factors that may or may not be related to the issuer of the security or other asset. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are increasingly interconnected. Economic, financial or political events, trading and tariff arrangements, public health events, terrorism, wars, natural disasters and other circumstances in one country or region could have profound impacts on global economies or markets. As a result, whether or not the fund invests in securities of issuers located in or with significant exposure to the countries or markets directly affected, the value and liquidity of the fund's investments may be negatively affected. Following Russia's invasion of Ukraine in 2022, Russian stocks lost all, or nearly all, of their market value. Other securities or markets could be similarly affected by past or future geopolitical or other events or conditions. Furthermore, events involving limited liquidity, defaults, non-performance or other adverse developments that affect one industry, such as the financial services industry, or concerns or rumors about any events of these kinds, have in the past and may in the future lead to market-wide liquidity problems, may spread to other industries, and could negatively affect the value and liquidity of the fund's investments.

The long-term impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and its subsequent variants on economies, markets, industries and individual issuers is not known. Some sectors of the economy and individual issuers have experienced or may experience particularly large losses. Periods of extreme volatility in the financial markets, reduced liquidity of many instruments, increased government debt, inflation, and disruptions to supply chains, consumer demand and employee availability, may continue for some time.

Raising the ceiling on U.S. government debt has become increasingly politicized. Any failure to increase the total amount that the U.S. government is authorized to borrow could lead to a default on U.S. government obligations, with unpredictable consequences for economies and markets in the U.S. and elsewhere. Recently, inflation and interest rates have increased and may rise further. These circumstances could adversely affect the value and liquidity of the fund's investments, impair the fund's ability to satisfy redemption requests, and negatively impact the fund's performance.

Credit risk. An issuer or other obligor (such as a party providing insurance or other credit enhancement) of a security held by the fund or a counterparty to a financial contract with the fund may default or its credit may be downgraded or perceived to be less creditworthy, or the value of assets underlying a security may decline, causing the value of your investment to decline. Changes in actual or perceived creditworthiness may occur quickly. The fund could be delayed or hindered in its enforcement of rights against an issuer, guarantor or counterparty.

Yield risk. The amount of income received by the fund will go up or down depending on variations in short-term interest rates, and when interest rates are very low or negative the fund's expenses could absorb all or a significant portion of the fund's income. If interest rates increase, the fund's yield may not increase proportionately, if for example, the fund's manager discontinued any temporary voluntary fee limitation or recouped amounts previously waived and/or reimbursed.

Repurchase agreements risk. Repurchase agreements could involve certain risks in the event of default or insolvency of the seller, including losses and possible delays or restrictions upon the fund's ability to dispose of the underlying securities. To the extent that, in the meantime, the value of the securities that the fund has purchased has decreased, the fund could experience a loss. The use of repurchase agreements may produce income that is not exempt from state personal income tax.

Portfolio management risk. The value of your investment may decrease if the subadviser's judgment about the quality, relative yield, value or market trends affecting a particular security, industry, sector or region, or about interest rates or other market factors, is incorrect or does not produce the desired results, or if there are imperfections, errors or limitations in the tools and data used by the subadviser. In addition, the fund's investment strategies or policies may change from time to time. Those changes may not lead to the results intended by the subadviser and could have an adverse effect on the value or performance of the fund.

Illiquidity risk. The fund may make investments that are illiquid or that become illiquid after purchase. The liquidity and value of investments can deteriorate rapidly, and they may become difficult or impossible to sell, particularly during times of market turmoil. Illiquid investments may also be volatile and difficult to value. Markets may become illiquid quickly. Markets may become illiquid when, for instance, there are few, if any, interested buyers or sellers or when dealers are unwilling or unable to make a market for certain securities, including U.S. Treasury securities. During times of market turmoil, there may be few or no buyers or sellers for securities in entire asset classes. If the fund is forced to sell an illiquid investment to meet redemption requests or other cash needs, or to try to limit losses, the fund may be forced to sell at a substantial loss or may not be able to sell at all.

Valuation risk. The sales price the fund could receive for any particular portfolio investment may differ from the fund's valuation of the investment, particularly for securities that trade in thin or volatile markets or that are valued using a fair value methodology. These differences may increase significantly and affect fund investments more broadly during periods of market volatility. Investors who purchase or redeem fund shares on days when the fund is holding fair-valued securities may receive fewer or more shares or lower or higher redemption proceeds than they would have received if the fund had not fair-valued securities or had used a different valuation methodology. The fund's ability to value its investments may be

impacted by technological issues and/or errors by pricing services or other third party service providers. The valuation of the fund's investments involves subjective judgment, which may prove to be incorrect.

Cybersecurity risk. Like other funds and business enterprises, the fund, the manager, the subadviser and their service providers are subject to the risk of cyber incidents occurring from time to time. Cybersecurity incidents, whether intentionally caused by third parties or otherwise, may allow an unauthorized party to gain access to fund assets, fund or customer data (including private shareholder information) or proprietary information, cause the fund, the manager, the subadviser and/or their service providers (including, but not limited to, fund accountants, custodians, sub-custodians, transfer agents and financial intermediaries) to suffer data breaches, data corruption or loss of operational functionality, or prevent fund investors from purchasing, redeeming or exchanging shares, receiving distributions or receiving timely information regarding the fund or their investment in the fund. The fund, the manager, and the subadviser have limited ability to prevent or mitigate cybersecurity incidents affecting third party service providers, and such third party service providers may have limited indemnification obligations to the fund, the manager, and/or the subadviser. Cybersecurity incidents may result in financial losses to the fund and its shareholders, and substantial costs may be incurred in order to prevent or mitigate any future cybersecurity incidents. Issuers of securities in which the fund invests are also subject to cybersecurity risks, and the value of these securities could decline if the issuers experience cybersecurity incidents.

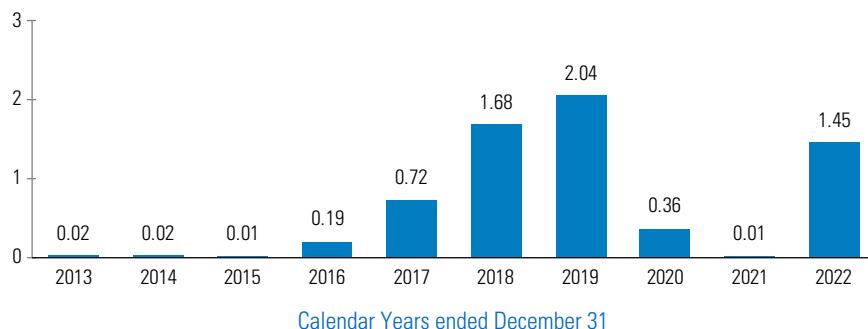
New ways to carry out cyber attacks continue to develop. There is a chance that some risks have not been identified or prepared for, or that an attack may not be detected, which puts limitations on the fund's ability to plan for or respond to a cyber attack.

These and other risks are discussed in more detail in the Prospectus or in the Statement of Additional Information.

Performance

The accompanying bar chart and table provide some indication of the risks of investing in the fund. The bar chart shows changes in the fund's performance from year to year for Institutional Shares. The table shows the average annual total returns of Institutional Shares. Performance for classes other than those shown may vary from the performance shown to the extent the expenses for those classes differ. The fund makes updated performance information available at www.franklintempleton.com/moneymarketfunds (select fund and share class), or by calling the fund at 1-877-721-1926 or 1-203-703-6002.

The fund's past performance is not necessarily an indication of how the fund will perform in the future.



Best Quarter (12/31/2022):0.85 **Worst Quarter** (12/31/2021):0.00

The year-to-date return as of the most recent calendar quarter, which ended 09/30/2023, was 3.62

Average annual total returns (%)

(for periods ended December 31, 2022)

	1 year	5 years	10 years
Institutional Shares	1.45	1.10	0.65

Management

Investment manager: Franklin Templeton Fund Adviser, LLC ("FTFA") (formerly known as Legg Mason Partners Fund Advisor, LLC)

Subadviser: Western Asset Management Company, LLC ("Western Asset")

Purchase and sale of fund shares

In general, you may purchase, redeem or exchange shares of the fund during fund business hours on any day on which both the New York Stock Exchange and the Federal Reserve Bank of New York are open for business, subject to certain exceptions.

The fund's initial and subsequent investment minimums for Institutional Shares generally are set forth in the accompanying table:

Investment minimum initial/additional investments (\$)	
General/institutional investors purchasing through the fund	1 million/50
Accounts managed/advised by an investment advisory subsidiary of Franklin Templeton	50,000/50

Your Service Agent may impose higher or lower investment minimums, or may impose no minimum investment requirement. "Service Agents" are banks, brokers, dealers, insurance companies, investment advisers, financial consultants or advisers, mutual fund supermarkets and other financial intermediaries that have entered into an agreement with the distributor to sell shares of the fund.

The fund normally calculates its net asset value as of each hour from 8:00 a.m. (Eastern time) until its close of business (normally 2:00 p.m. (Eastern time)) on each fund business day. The fund may close early under certain circumstances. For more information, please contact your financial intermediary, or contact the fund by phone (1-877-721-1926 or 1-203-703-6002).

Tax information

The fund's distributions are generally taxable as ordinary income or capital gains.

Payments to broker/dealers and other financial intermediaries

The fund's related companies pay Service Agents for the sale of fund shares, shareholder services and other purposes. These payments create a conflict of interest by influencing your Service Agent or its employees or associated persons to recommend the fund over another investment. Ask your financial adviser or salesperson or visit your Service Agent's or salesperson's website for more information.

**Western Asset Institutional U.S.
Treasury Obligations Money Market
Fund**

Investment objective

The fund's investment objective is to seek maximum current income to the extent consistent with preservation of capital and the maintenance of liquidity.

Fees and expenses of the fund

The accompanying table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell Institutional Shares of the fund. You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the tables and examples below.

Shareholder fees

(fees paid directly from your investment)

Maximum sales charge (load) imposed on purchases	None
Maximum deferred sales charge (load)	None

Annual fund operating expenses (%)¹

(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Management fees ¹	0.25
Distribution and/or service (12b-1) fees	None
Other expenses	0.09
Total annual fund operating expenses ¹	0.34
Fees waived and/or expenses reimbursed ²	(0.16)
Total annual fund operating expenses after waiving fees and/or reimbursing expenses	0.18

¹ The fund is a feeder fund that invests in securities through an underlying mutual fund, U.S. Treasury Obligations Portfolio. The information in this table and in the Example below reflects the direct fees and expenses of the fund and its allocated share of fees and expenses of U.S. Treasury Obligations Portfolio.

² The manager has agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse operating expenses (other than interest, brokerage, taxes, extraordinary expenses and acquired fund fees and expenses) so that the ratio of total annual fund operating expenses will not exceed 0.18% for Institutional Shares, subject to recapture as described below. This arrangement cannot be terminated prior to December 31, 2024 without the Board of Trustees' consent. Additional amounts may be voluntarily waived and/or reimbursed from time to time. The manager is permitted to recapture amounts waived and/or reimbursed to the class during the same fiscal year if the class' total annual fund operating expenses have fallen to a level below the limit described above. In no case will the manager recapture any amount that would result, on any particular business day of the fund, in the class' total annual fund operating expenses exceeding the limit described above or any other lower limit then in effect.

Example

This example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The example assumes:

- You invest \$10,000 in the fund for the time periods indicated
- Your investment has a 5% return each year and the fund's operating expenses remain the same (except that any applicable fee waiver or expense reimbursement is reflected only through its expiration date)
- You reinvest all distributions and dividends without a sales charge

Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

Number of years you own your shares (\$)	1 year	3 years	5 years	10 years
Institutional Shares (with or without redemption at end of period)	18	92	174	415

The fund is a feeder fund that invests in securities through an underlying mutual fund, U.S. Treasury Obligations Portfolio, which has the same investment objective and strategies as the fund. This structure is sometimes known as a "master/feeder" structure.

Principal investment strategies

The fund is a money market fund that invests all of its assets in direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury and in repurchase agreements secured by these obligations. Direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury include U.S. Treasury bills, notes and bonds; STRIPS, which are individual interest and principal components of eligible Treasury notes and bonds that are traded as separate securities; and TIPS, which are inflation-protected securities issued by the U.S. Treasury, the principal of which increases with inflation and decreases with deflation, as measured by the Consumer Price Index. The fund may also hold cash for cash management and defensive purposes. Although the fund invests in U.S. government obligations, an investment in the fund is neither insured nor guaranteed by the U.S. government.

As noted above, the fund invests all of its assets in direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury and in repurchase agreements secured by U.S. Treasury obligations. Therefore, the fund meets the requirement under Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"), that a government money market fund invest at least 99.5% of its total assets in U.S. government securities, cash, and/or repurchase agreements that are fully collateralized by U.S. government securities or cash. In addition, the fund meets the requirement under Rule 35d-1 under the 1940 Act, that a fund that includes the term "U.S. Treasury obligations" in its name invest, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of its net assets in U.S. Treasury obligations and in repurchase agreements secured by U.S. Treasury obligations. "Government securities" means any securities issued or guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States, or by a person controlled or supervised by and acting as an instrumentality of the Government of the United States pursuant to authority granted by the Congress of the United States; or any certificate of deposit for any of the foregoing.

As a government money market fund, the fund tries to maintain a share price of \$1.00. Pursuant to Rule 2a-7 under the 1940 Act, the fund must follow strict rules as to the quality, liquidity, diversification and maturity of its investments.

Principal risks

You could lose money by investing in the fund. Although the fund seeks to preserve the value of your investment at \$1.00 per share, it cannot guarantee it will do so. An investment in the fund is not a bank account and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. The fund's sponsor is not required to reimburse the fund for losses, and you should not expect that the sponsor will provide financial support to the fund at any time, including during periods of market stress.

During periods of market stress, there could be significant redemptions from money market funds in general, potentially driving the market prices of money market instruments down and adversely affecting market liquidity.

The fund could underperform other short-term debt instruments or money market funds, or you could lose money, as a result of risks such as:

Market and interest rate risk. The market prices of securities held by the fund may go up or down, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. While the fund seeks to maintain a \$1.00 share price, if the market prices of the fund's securities fall, the value of your investment in the fund could decline. The market price of a security may fall due to general market conditions, such as real or perceived adverse economic or political conditions or trends, tariffs and trade disruptions, inflation, substantial economic downturn or recession, changes in interest rates, lack of liquidity in the bond markets or adverse investor sentiment.

Market prices will generally go down when interest rates rise. A rise in rates tends to have a greater impact on the prices of longer term securities. A general rise in interest rates may cause investors to move out of fixed income securities on a large scale, which could adversely affect the price and liquidity of fixed income securities and could also result in increased redemptions from the fund. The fund may face a heightened level of interest rate risk due to changes in monetary policy. When interest rates go down, the fund's yield will decline. Also, when interest rates decline, investments made by the fund may pay a lower interest rate, which would reduce the income received by the fund. Recently, there have been inflationary price movements, which have caused the fixed income securities markets to experience heightened levels of interest rate volatility and

liquidity risk. The U.S. Federal Reserve has been raising interest rates from historically low levels. It may continue to raise interest rates. In addition, changes in monetary policy may exacerbate the risks associated with changing interest rates. Any additional interest rate increases in the future could cause the value of the fund's holdings to decrease. It cannot be predicted when inflation will return to more normalized levels or how long financial authorities will counter inflationary pressures with monetary tightening.

Market events risk. The market values of securities or other assets will fluctuate, sometimes sharply and unpredictably, due to factors such as economic events, governmental actions or intervention, actions taken by the U.S. Federal Reserve or foreign central banks, market disruptions caused by trade disputes, labor strikes or other factors, political developments, armed conflicts, economic sanctions and countermeasures in response to sanctions, major cybersecurity events, the global and domestic effects of widespread or local health, weather or climate events, and other factors that may or may not be related to the issuer of the security or other asset. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are increasingly interconnected. Economic, financial or political events, trading and tariff arrangements, public health events, terrorism, wars, natural disasters and other circumstances in one country or region could have profound impacts on global economies or markets. As a result, whether or not the fund invests in securities of issuers located in or with significant exposure to the countries or markets directly affected, the value and liquidity of the fund's investments may be negatively affected. Following Russia's invasion of Ukraine in 2022, Russian stocks lost all, or nearly all, of their market value. Other securities or markets could be similarly affected by past or future geopolitical or other events or conditions. Furthermore, events involving limited liquidity, defaults, non-performance or other adverse developments that affect one industry, such as the financial services industry, or concerns or rumors about any events of these kinds, have in the past and may in the future lead to market-wide liquidity problems, may spread to other industries, and could negatively affect the value and liquidity of the fund's investments.

The long-term impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and its subsequent variants on economies, markets, industries and individual issuers is not known. Some sectors of the economy and individual issuers have experienced or may experience particularly large losses. Periods of extreme volatility in the financial markets, reduced liquidity of many instruments, increased government debt, inflation, and disruptions to supply chains, consumer demand and employee availability, may continue for some time.

Raising the ceiling on U.S. government debt has become increasingly politicized. Any failure to increase the total amount that the U.S. government is authorized to borrow could lead to a default on U.S. government obligations, with unpredictable consequences for economies and markets in the U.S. and elsewhere. Recently, inflation and interest rates have increased and may rise further. These circumstances could adversely affect the value and liquidity of the fund's investments, impair the fund's ability to satisfy redemption requests, and negatively impact the fund's performance.

Credit risk. An issuer or other obligor (such as a party providing insurance or other credit enhancement) of a security held by the fund or a counterparty to a financial contract with the fund may default or its credit may be downgraded or perceived to be less creditworthy, or the value of assets underlying a security may decline, causing the value of your investment to decline. Changes in actual or perceived creditworthiness may occur quickly. The fund could be delayed or hindered in its enforcement of rights against an issuer, guarantor or counterparty.

Yield risk. The amount of income received by the fund will go up or down depending on variations in short-term interest rates, and when interest rates are very low or negative the fund's expenses could absorb all or a significant portion of the fund's income. If interest rates increase, the fund's yield may not increase proportionately, if for example, the fund's manager discontinued any temporary voluntary fee limitation or recouped amounts previously waived and/or reimbursed.

Repurchase agreements risk. Repurchase agreements could involve certain risks in the event of default or insolvency of the seller, including losses and possible delays or restrictions upon the fund's ability to dispose of the underlying securities. To the extent that, in the meantime, the value of the securities that the fund has purchased has decreased, the fund could experience a loss. The use of repurchase agreements may produce income that is not exempt from state personal income tax.

Portfolio management risk. The value of your investment may decrease if the subadviser's judgment about the quality, relative yield, value or market trends affecting a particular security, industry, sector or region, or about interest rates or other market factors, is incorrect or does not produce the desired results, or if there are imperfections, errors or limitations in the tools and data used by the subadviser. In addition, the fund's investment strategies or policies may change from time to time. Those changes may not lead to the results intended by the subadviser and could have an adverse effect on the value or performance of the fund.

Illiquidity risk. The fund may make investments that are illiquid or that become illiquid after purchase. The liquidity and value of investments can deteriorate rapidly, and they may become difficult or impossible to sell, particularly during times of market turmoil. Illiquid investments may also be volatile and difficult to value. Markets may become illiquid quickly. Markets may become illiquid when, for instance, there are few, if any, interested buyers or sellers or when dealers are unwilling or unable to make a market for certain securities, including U.S. Treasury securities. During times of market turmoil, there may be few or no buyers or sellers for securities in entire asset classes. If the fund is forced to sell an illiquid investment to meet redemption requests or other cash needs, or to try to limit losses, the fund may be forced to sell at a substantial loss or may not be able to sell at all.

Valuation risk. The sales price the fund could receive for any particular portfolio investment may differ from the fund's valuation of the investment, particularly for securities that trade in thin or volatile markets or that are valued using a fair value methodology. These differences may increase significantly and affect fund investments more broadly during periods of market volatility. Investors who purchase or redeem fund shares on days when the fund is holding fair-valued securities may receive fewer or more shares or lower or higher redemption proceeds than they would have received if the fund had not fair-valued securities or had used a different valuation methodology. The fund's ability to value its investments may be

impacted by technological issues and/or errors by pricing services or other third party service providers. The valuation of the fund's investments involves subjective judgment, which may prove to be incorrect.

Cybersecurity risk. Like other funds and business enterprises, the fund, the manager, the subadviser and their service providers are subject to the risk of cyber incidents occurring from time to time. Cybersecurity incidents, whether intentionally caused by third parties or otherwise, may allow an unauthorized party to gain access to fund assets, fund or customer data (including private shareholder information) or proprietary information, cause the fund, the manager, the subadviser and/or their service providers (including, but not limited to, fund accountants, custodians, sub-custodians, transfer agents and financial intermediaries) to suffer data breaches, data corruption or loss of operational functionality, or prevent fund investors from purchasing, redeeming or exchanging shares, receiving distributions or receiving timely information regarding the fund or their investment in the fund. The fund, the manager, and the subadviser have limited ability to prevent or mitigate cybersecurity incidents affecting third party service providers, and such third party service providers may have limited indemnification obligations to the fund, the manager, and/or the subadviser. Cybersecurity incidents may result in financial losses to the fund and its shareholders, and substantial costs may be incurred in order to prevent or mitigate any future cybersecurity incidents. Issuers of securities in which the fund invests are also subject to cybersecurity risks, and the value of these securities could decline if the issuers experience cybersecurity incidents.

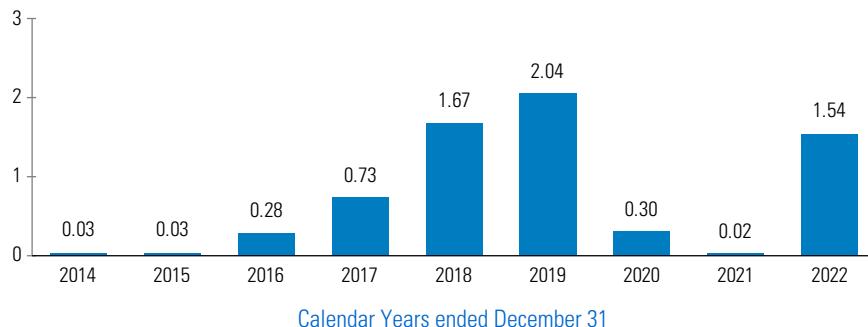
New ways to carry out cyber attacks continue to develop. There is a chance that some risks have not been identified or prepared for, or that an attack may not be detected, which puts limitations on the fund's ability to plan for or respond to a cyber attack.

These and other risks are discussed in more detail in the Prospectus or in the Statement of Additional Information.

Performance

The accompanying bar chart and table provide some indication of the risks of investing in the fund. The bar chart shows changes in the fund's performance from year to year for Institutional Shares. The table shows the average annual total returns of Institutional Shares. Performance for classes other than those shown may vary from the performance shown to the extent the expenses for those classes differ. The fund makes updated performance information available at www.franklintempleton.com/moneymarketfunds (select fund and share class), or by calling the fund at 1-877-721-1926 or 1-203-703-6002.

The fund's past performance is not necessarily an indication of how the fund will perform in the future.



Best Quarter (12/31/2022):0.89 **Worst Quarter** (12/31/2021):0.00

The year-to-date return as of the most recent calendar quarter, which ended 09/30/2023, was 3.65

Average annual total returns (%)

(for periods ended December 31, 2022)

	1 year	5 years	Since inception	Inception date
Institutional Shares	1.54	1.11	0.71	09/03/2013

Management

Investment manager: Franklin Templeton Fund Adviser, LLC ("FTFA") (formerly known as Legg Mason Partners Fund Advisor, LLC)

Subadviser: Western Asset Management Company, LLC ("Western Asset")

Purchase and sale of fund shares

In general, you may purchase, redeem or exchange shares of the fund during fund business hours on any day on which both the New York Stock Exchange and the Federal Reserve Bank of New York are open for business, subject to certain exceptions.

The fund's initial and subsequent investment minimums for Institutional Shares generally are set forth in the accompanying table:

Investment minimum initial/additional investments (\$)	
General/institutional investors purchasing through the fund	1 million/50
Accounts managed/advised by an investment advisory subsidiary of Franklin Templeton	50,000/50

Your Service Agent may impose higher or lower investment minimums, or may impose no minimum investment requirement. "Service Agents" are banks, brokers, dealers, insurance companies, investment advisers, financial consultants or advisers, mutual fund supermarkets and other financial intermediaries that have entered into an agreement with the distributor to sell shares of the fund.

The fund normally calculates its net asset value as of each hour from 8:00 a.m. (Eastern time) until its close of business (normally 5:00 p.m. (Eastern time)) on each fund business day. The fund may close early under certain circumstances. For more information, please contact your financial intermediary, or contact the fund by phone (1-877-721-1926 or 1-203-703-6002).

Tax information

The fund's distributions are generally taxable as ordinary income or capital gains.

Payments to broker/dealers and other financial intermediaries

The fund's related companies pay Service Agents for the sale of fund shares, shareholder services and other purposes. These payments create a conflict of interest by influencing your Service Agent or its employees or associated persons to recommend the fund over another investment. Ask your financial adviser or salesperson or visit your Service Agent's or salesperson's website for more information.

Western Asset Institutional Government Reserves

Investment objective

The fund seeks maximum current income to the extent consistent with preservation of capital and the maintenance of liquidity.

Fees and expenses of the fund

The accompanying table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell Institutional Shares of the fund. You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the tables and examples below.

Shareholder fees

(fees paid directly from your investment)

Maximum sales charge (load) imposed on purchases	None
Maximum deferred sales charge (load)	None

Annual fund operating expenses (%)¹

(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Management fees ¹	0.18
Distribution and/or service (12b-1) fees	None
Other expenses	0.01
Total annual fund operating expenses ¹	0.19
Fees waived and/or expenses reimbursed ²	(0.01)
Total annual fund operating expenses after waiving fees and/or reimbursing expenses	0.18

¹ The fund is a feeder fund that invests in securities through an underlying mutual fund, Government Portfolio. The information in this table and in the Example below reflects the direct fees and expenses of the fund and its allocated share of fees and expenses of Government Portfolio. Since the fund invests all of its investable assets in Government Portfolio, the fund's management agreement provides that the investment management fee of the fund will be reduced by the investment management fee allocated to the fund by Government Portfolio. The gross expenses in the financial highlights do not reflect the reduction in the fund's management fee by the amount paid by the fund for its allocable share of the management fee paid to Government Portfolio.

² The manager has agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse operating expenses (other than interest, brokerage, taxes, extraordinary expenses and acquired fund fees and expenses) so that the ratio of total annual fund operating expenses will not exceed 0.18% for Institutional Shares, subject to recapture as described below. This arrangement cannot be terminated prior to December 31, 2024 without the Board of Trustees' consent. Additional amounts may be voluntarily waived and/or reimbursed from time to time. The manager is permitted to recapture amounts waived and/or reimbursed to the class during the same fiscal year if the class' total annual fund operating expenses have fallen to a level below the limit described above. In no case will the manager recapture any amount that would result, on any particular business day of the fund, in the class' total annual fund operating expenses exceeding the limit described above or any other lower limit then in effect.

Example

This example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The example assumes:

- You invest \$10,000 in the fund for the time periods indicated
- Your investment has a 5% return each year and the fund's operating expenses remain the same (except that any applicable fee waiver or expense reimbursement is reflected only through its expiration date)
- You reinvest all distributions and dividends without a sales charge

Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

Number of years you own your shares (\$)	1 year	3 years	5 years	10 years
Institutional Shares (with or without redemption at end of period)	18	59	104	240

The fund is a feeder fund that invests in securities through an underlying mutual fund, Government Portfolio, which has the same investment objective and strategies as the fund. This structure is sometimes known as a "master/feeder" structure.

Principal investment strategies

The fund is a money market fund that invests exclusively in short-term U.S. government securities, including U.S. Treasuries and securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government or its agencies, authorities, instrumentalities or sponsored entities and in repurchase agreements collateralized by government securities. These securities may pay interest at fixed, floating or adjustable rates or may be issued at a discount. U.S. government securities are not necessarily backed by the full faith and credit of the United States. The fund may also hold cash for cash management and defensive purposes. Although the fund invests in U.S. government securities, an investment in the fund is neither insured nor guaranteed by the U.S. government.

The fund invests in securities that, at the time of purchase, are rated by one or more rating agencies in the highest short term rating category or, if not rated, are determined by the subadviser to be of equivalent quality.

As noted above, the fund invests exclusively in short-term U.S. government securities and in repurchase agreements collateralized by government securities. Therefore, the fund meets the requirement under Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"), that a government money market fund invest at least 99.5% of its total assets in U.S. government securities, cash, and/or repurchase agreements that are fully collateralized by U.S. government securities or cash. In addition, the fund meets the requirement under Rule 35d-1 under the 1940 Act that a fund that includes the term "government" in its name invest, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of its net assets in U.S. government securities and/or repurchase agreements that are collateralized by U.S. government securities. "Government securities" means any securities issued or guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States, or by a person controlled or supervised by and acting as an instrumentality of the Government of the United States pursuant to authority granted by the Congress of the United States; or any certificate of deposit for any of the foregoing.

As a government money market fund, the fund tries to maintain a share price of \$1.00. Pursuant to Rule 2a-7 under the 1940 Act, the fund must follow strict rules as to the quality, liquidity, diversification and maturity of its investments.

Principal risks

You could lose money by investing in the fund. Although the fund seeks to preserve the value of your investment at \$1.00 per share, it cannot guarantee it will do so. An investment in the fund is not a bank account and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. The fund's sponsor is not required to reimburse the fund for losses, and you should not expect that the sponsor will provide financial support to the fund at any time, including during periods of market stress.

During periods of market stress, there could be significant redemptions from money market funds in general, potentially driving the market prices of money market instruments down and adversely affecting market liquidity.

The fund could underperform other short-term debt instruments or money market funds, or you could lose money, as a result of risks such as:

Market and interest rate risk. The market prices of securities held by the fund may go up or down, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. While the fund seeks to maintain a \$1.00 share price, if the market prices of the fund's securities fall, the value of your investment in the fund could decline. The market price of a security may fall due to general market conditions, such as real or perceived adverse economic or political conditions or trends, tariffs and trade disruptions, inflation, substantial economic downturn or recession, changes in interest rates, lack of liquidity in the bond markets or adverse investor sentiment.

Market prices will generally go down when interest rates rise. A rise in rates tends to have a greater impact on the prices of longer term securities. A general rise in interest rates may cause investors to move out of fixed income securities on a large scale, which could adversely affect the price and liquidity of fixed income securities and could also result in increased redemptions from the fund. The fund may face a heightened level of interest

rate risk due to changes in monetary policy. When interest rates go down, the fund's yield will decline. Also, when interest rates decline, investments made by the fund may pay a lower interest rate, which would reduce the income received by the fund. Recently, there have been inflationary price movements, which have caused the fixed income securities markets to experience heightened levels of interest rate volatility and liquidity risk. The U.S. Federal Reserve has been raising interest rates from historically low levels. It may continue to raise interest rates. In addition, changes in monetary policy may exacerbate the risks associated with changing interest rates. Any additional interest rate increases in the future could cause the value of the fund's holdings to decrease. It cannot be predicted when inflation will return to more normalized levels or how long financial authorities will counter inflationary pressures with monetary tightening.

Market events risk. The market values of securities or other assets will fluctuate, sometimes sharply and unpredictably, due to factors such as economic events, governmental actions or intervention, actions taken by the U.S. Federal Reserve or foreign central banks, market disruptions caused by trade disputes, labor strikes or other factors, political developments, armed conflicts, economic sanctions and countermeasures in response to sanctions, major cybersecurity events, the global and domestic effects of widespread or local health, weather or climate events, and other factors that may or may not be related to the issuer of the security or other asset. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are increasingly interconnected. Economic, financial or political events, trading and tariff arrangements, public health events, terrorism, wars, natural disasters and other circumstances in one country or region could have profound impacts on global economies or markets. As a result, whether or not the fund invests in securities of issuers located in or with significant exposure to the countries or markets directly affected, the value and liquidity of the fund's investments may be negatively affected. Following Russia's invasion of Ukraine in 2022, Russian stocks lost all, or nearly all, of their market value. Other securities or markets could be similarly affected by past or future geopolitical or other events or conditions. Furthermore, events involving limited liquidity, defaults, non-performance or other adverse developments that affect one industry, such as the financial services industry, or concerns or rumors about any events of these kinds, have in the past and may in the future lead to market-wide liquidity problems, may spread to other industries, and could negatively affect the value and liquidity of the fund's investments.

The long-term impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and its subsequent variants on economies, markets, industries and individual issuers is not known. Some sectors of the economy and individual issuers have experienced or may experience particularly large losses. Periods of extreme volatility in the financial markets, reduced liquidity of many instruments, increased government debt, inflation, and disruptions to supply chains, consumer demand and employee availability, may continue for some time.

Raising the ceiling on U.S. government debt has become increasingly politicized. Any failure to increase the total amount that the U.S. government is authorized to borrow could lead to a default on U.S. government obligations, with unpredictable consequences for economies and markets in the U.S. and elsewhere. Recently, inflation and interest rates have increased and may rise further. These circumstances could adversely affect the value and liquidity of the fund's investments, impair the fund's ability to satisfy redemption requests, and negatively impact the fund's performance.

Credit risk. An issuer or other obligor (such as a party providing insurance or other credit enhancement) of a security held by the fund or a counterparty to a financial contract with the fund may default or its credit may be downgraded or perceived to be less creditworthy, or the value of assets underlying a security may decline, causing the value of your investment to decline. Changes in actual or perceived creditworthiness may occur quickly. The fund could be delayed or hindered in its enforcement of rights against an issuer, guarantor or counterparty.

Yield risk. The amount of income received by the fund will go up or down depending on variations in short-term interest rates, and when interest rates are very low or negative the fund's expenses could absorb all or a significant portion of the fund's income. If interest rates increase, the fund's yield may not increase proportionately, if for example, the fund's manager discontinued any temporary voluntary fee limitation or recouped amounts previously waived and/or reimbursed.

Repurchase agreements risk. Repurchase agreements could involve certain risks in the event of default or insolvency of the seller, including losses and possible delays or restrictions upon the fund's ability to dispose of the underlying securities. To the extent that, in the meantime, the value of the securities that the fund has purchased has decreased, the fund could experience a loss. The use of repurchase agreements may produce income that is not exempt from state personal income tax.

Portfolio management risk. The value of your investment may decrease if the subadviser's judgment about the quality, relative yield, value or market trends affecting a particular security, industry, sector or region, or about interest rates or other market factors, is incorrect or does not produce the desired results, or if there are imperfections, errors or limitations in the tools and data used by the subadviser. In addition, the fund's investment strategies or policies may change from time to time. Those changes may not lead to the results intended by the subadviser and could have an adverse effect on the value or performance of the fund.

Illiquidity risk. The fund may make investments that are illiquid or that become illiquid after purchase. The liquidity and value of investments can deteriorate rapidly, and they may become difficult or impossible to sell, particularly during times of market turmoil. Illiquid investments may also be volatile and difficult to value. Markets may become illiquid quickly. Markets may become illiquid when, for instance, there are few, if any, interested buyers or sellers or when dealers are unwilling or unable to make a market for certain securities, including U.S. Treasury securities. During times of market turmoil, there may be few or no buyers or sellers for securities in entire asset classes. If the fund is forced to sell an illiquid investment to meet redemption requests or other cash needs, or to try to limit losses, the fund may be forced to sell at a substantial loss or may not be able to sell at all.

Valuation risk. The sales price the fund could receive for any particular portfolio investment may differ from the fund's valuation of the investment, particularly for securities that trade in thin or volatile markets or that are valued using a fair value methodology. These differences may increase

significantly and affect fund investments more broadly during periods of market volatility. Investors who purchase or redeem fund shares on days when the fund is holding fair-valued securities may receive fewer or more shares or lower or higher redemption proceeds than they would have received if the fund had not fair-valued securities or had used a different valuation methodology. The fund's ability to value its investments may be impacted by technological issues and/or errors by pricing services or other third party service providers. The valuation of the fund's investments involves subjective judgment, which may prove to be incorrect.

Cybersecurity risk. Like other funds and business enterprises, the fund, the manager, the subadviser and their service providers are subject to the risk of cyber incidents occurring from time to time. Cybersecurity incidents, whether intentionally caused by third parties or otherwise, may allow an unauthorized party to gain access to fund assets, fund or customer data (including private shareholder information) or proprietary information, cause the fund, the manager, the subadviser and/or their service providers (including, but not limited to, fund accountants, custodians, sub-custodians, transfer agents and financial intermediaries) to suffer data breaches, data corruption or loss of operational functionality, or prevent fund investors from purchasing, redeeming or exchanging shares, receiving distributions or receiving timely information regarding the fund or their investment in the fund. The fund, the manager, and the subadviser have limited ability to prevent or mitigate cybersecurity incidents affecting third party service providers, and such third party service providers may have limited indemnification obligations to the fund, the manager, and/or the subadviser. Cybersecurity incidents may result in financial losses to the fund and its shareholders, and substantial costs may be incurred in order to prevent or mitigate any future cybersecurity incidents. Issuers of securities in which the fund invests are also subject to cybersecurity risks, and the value of these securities could decline if the issuers experience cybersecurity incidents.

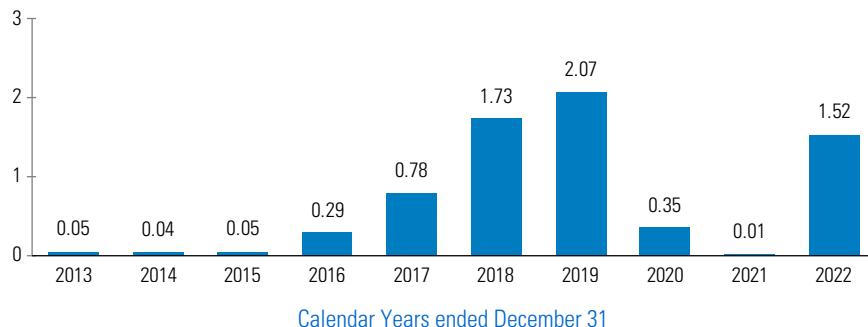
New ways to carry out cyber attacks continue to develop. There is a chance that some risks have not been identified or prepared for, or that an attack may not be detected, which puts limitations on the fund's ability to plan for or respond to a cyber attack.

These and other risks are discussed in more detail in the Prospectus or in the Statement of Additional Information.

Performance

The accompanying bar chart and table provide some indication of the risks of investing in the fund. The bar chart shows changes in the fund's performance from year to year for Institutional Shares. The table shows the average annual total returns of Institutional Shares. Performance for classes other than those shown may vary from the performance shown to the extent the expenses for those classes differ. The fund makes updated performance information available at www.franklintempleton.com/moneymarketfunds (select fund and share class), or by calling the fund at 1-877-721-1926 or 1-203-703-6002.

The fund's past performance is not necessarily an indication of how the fund will perform in the future.



Best Quarter (12/31/2022):0.88 **Worst Quarter** (12/31/2021):0.00

The year-to-date return as of the most recent calendar quarter, which ended 09/30/2023, was 3.67

Average annual total returns (%)

(for periods ended December 31, 2022)

	1 year	5 years	10 years
Institutional Shares	1.52	1.13	0.68

Management

Investment manager: Franklin Templeton Fund Adviser, LLC ("FTFA") (formerly known as Legg Mason Partners Fund Advisor, LLC)

Subadviser: Western Asset Management Company, LLC ("Western Asset")

Purchase and sale of fund shares

In general, you may purchase, redeem or exchange shares of the fund during fund business hours on any day on which both the New York Stock Exchange and the Federal Reserve Bank of New York are open for business, subject to certain exceptions.

The fund's initial and subsequent investment minimums for Institutional Shares generally are set forth in the accompanying table:

Investment minimum initial/additional investments (\$)	
General/institutional investors purchasing through the fund	1 million/50
Accounts managed/advised by an investment advisory subsidiary of Franklin Templeton	50,000/50

Your Service Agent may impose higher or lower investment minimums, or may impose no minimum investment requirement. "Service Agents" are banks, brokers, dealers, insurance companies, investment advisers, financial consultants or advisers, mutual fund supermarkets and other financial intermediaries that have entered into an agreement with the distributor to sell shares of the fund.

The fund normally calculates its net asset value as of each hour from 8:00 a.m. (Eastern time) until its close of business (normally 5:00 p.m. (Eastern time)) on each fund business day. The fund may close early under certain circumstances. For more information, please contact your financial intermediary, or contact the fund by phone (1-877-721-1926 or 1-203-703-6002).

Tax information

The fund's distributions are generally taxable as ordinary income or capital gains.

Payments to broker/dealers and other financial intermediaries

The fund's related companies pay Service Agents for the sale of fund shares, shareholder services and other purposes. These payments create a conflict of interest by influencing your Service Agent or its employees or associated persons to recommend the fund over another investment. Ask your financial adviser or salesperson or visit your Service Agent's or salesperson's website for more information.

More on the funds' investment strategies, investments and risks

Important information

Each fund is a money market fund. Pursuant to Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, money market funds must follow strict rules about the quality, liquidity, diversification, maturity and other features of securities they purchase. Each fund tries to maintain a share price of \$1.00 while paying income to shareholders. However, no money market fund guarantees that you will receive your money back.

Western Asset Institutional U.S. Treasury Reserves' ("Institutional U.S. Treasury Reserves") investment objective is to provide shareholders with liquidity and as high a level of current income from U.S. government obligations as is consistent with preservation of capital. For purposes of its investment objective, the fund considers income attributable to repurchase agreements that are fully collateralized by U.S. Treasury obligations to be income from U.S. government obligations. Western Asset Institutional U.S. Treasury Obligations Money Market Fund's ("Institutional U.S. Treasury Obligations Fund") investment objective is to seek maximum current income to the extent consistent with preservation of capital and the maintenance of liquidity. Western Asset Institutional Government Reserves' ("Institutional Government Reserves") investment objective is to seek maximum current income to the extent consistent with preservation of capital and the maintenance of liquidity. Each fund's investment objective may be changed by the Board of Trustees (the "Board") without shareholder approval and on notice to shareholders.

There is no assurance that a fund will meet its investment objective.

Institutional U.S. Treasury Reserves, under normal circumstances, invests at least 80% of its net assets in U.S. Treasury obligations. In addition, Institutional U.S. Treasury Reserves may invest in repurchase agreements that are fully collateralized by U.S. Treasury obligations or cash.

Institutional U.S. Treasury Obligations Fund invests all of its assets in direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury and in repurchase agreements secured by U.S. Treasury obligations. Institutional Government Reserves invests all of its assets in U.S. government securities and in repurchase agreements secured by such securities. Shareholders will be provided with 60 days' notice before any change in a fund's policy to invest at least 80% of its net assets plus any borrowings for investment purposes in the particular type of investment suggested by its name. "Government securities" means any securities issued or guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States, or by a person controlled or supervised by and acting as an instrumentality of the Government of the United States pursuant to authority granted by the Congress of the United States; or any certificate of deposit for any of the foregoing.

The subadviser will generally seek to place direct investment orders for Institutional U.S. Treasury Obligations Fund with minority-, women-, and veteran-owned broker-dealers, subject to the subadviser's duty to seek best execution.

Each fund's investment strategies and policies may be changed from time to time without shareholder approval, unless specifically stated otherwise in this Prospectus or in the Statement of Additional Information ("SAI").

Credit quality

Institutional U.S. Treasury Reserves holds all of its assets in U.S. Treasury obligations, repurchase agreements that are fully collateralized by U.S. Treasury obligations, and cash. Institutional U.S. Treasury Obligations Fund may invest only in direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury and repurchase agreements secured by these obligations. Institutional Government Reserves invests in securities that, at the time of purchase, are rated by one or more rating agencies in the highest short-term rating category or, if not rated, are determined by the subadviser to be of equivalent quality. In addition, each security, at the time of purchase by the fund, has been determined by the subadviser to present minimal credit risk. Where required by applicable rules, the fund's subadviser or Board will decide whether a security should be held or sold in the event of certain credit events occurring after purchase.

Maturity

Each fund invests in securities that, at the time of purchase, are treated under applicable regulations as having remaining maturities of 397 days or less. For example, in determining the remaining maturity of a security for the purposes of these regulations, features such as a floating or variable rate of interest or a demand feature may be taken into account under some circumstances. Each fund maintains a dollar weighted average maturity of not more than 60 days. In addition, each fund maintains a dollar weighted average life of not more than 120 days. Where required by applicable rules, if, after purchase, payment upon maturity does not occur or the maturity on a security is extended, a fund's subadviser or Board will decide whether the security should be held or sold.

Liquidity

Each fund must follow strict rules with respect to the liquidity of its portfolio securities including daily and weekly liquidity requirements. In addition, a fund may not purchase illiquid securities if, immediately after the acquisition, more than 5% of the fund's total assets would be invested in illiquid securities. Illiquid securities are those that, as determined by the subadviser, may not be disposed of in the ordinary course of business within seven days at approximately the value ascribed to them by a fund. Securities that are deemed liquid at the time of purchase by a fund may become illiquid following purchase.

Money market instruments

Money market instruments are short-term IOUs issued by banks or other non-governmental issuers, the U.S. or non-U.S. governments, or state or local governments. Money market instruments generally have maturity dates of 13 months or less, and may pay interest at fixed, floating or adjustable rates, or may be issued at a discount. Money market instruments may include certificates of deposit, bankers' acceptances, variable rate demand securities (where the interest rate is reset periodically and the holder may demand payment from the issuer or another obligor at any time), preferred shares, fixed-term obligations, commercial paper (short-term unsecured debt), asset-backed commercial paper, other asset-backed securities and repurchase agreements. Asset-backed commercial paper refers to a debt security with an original term to maturity of up to 270 days that may be backed by consumer loans or other types of receivables. Payments due on asset-backed commercial paper are supported by cash flows from underlying assets, or one or more liquidity or credit support providers, or both.

U.S. Treasury obligations

U.S. Treasury obligations are direct debt obligations issued by the U.S. government. Treasury bills, with maturities normally from 4 weeks to 52 weeks, are typically issued at a discount as they pay interest only upon maturity. Treasury bills are non-callable. Treasury notes have a maturity between two and ten years and typically pay interest semi-annually, while Treasury bonds have a maturity of over ten years and pay interest semi-annually. Treasuries also include STRIPS, TIPS and FRNs. STRIPS are Treasury obligations with separately traded principal and interest component parts that are transferable through the federal book-entry system. Because payments on STRIPS are made only at maturity, during periods of changing interest rates, STRIPS may be more volatile than unstripped U.S. Treasury obligations with comparable maturities. TIPS are Treasury Inflation-Protected Securities, the principal of which increases with inflation and decreases with deflation, as measured by the U.S. Consumer Price Index. At maturity, a TIPS holder is entitled to the adjusted principal or original principal, whichever is greater. TIPS pay interest twice a year, at a fixed rate. The rate is applied to the adjusted principal; so, like the principal, interest payments rise with inflation and fall with deflation. However, because the interest rate is fixed, TIPS may lose value when market interest rates increase, particularly during periods of low inflation. FRNs are floating rate notes that are indexed to the most recent 13-week Treasury bill auction High Rate, and which pay interest quarterly. U.S. Treasury obligations typically offer lower interest rates than other obligations.

U.S. government obligations-Institutional Government Reserves only

U.S. government obligations include U.S. Treasury obligations and other obligations of, or guaranteed by, the U.S. government, its agencies or government-sponsored entities. Although the U.S. government guarantees principal and interest payments on securities issued by the U.S. government and some of its agencies, such as securities issued by the U.S. Government National Mortgage Association ("Ginnie Mae"), this guarantee does not apply to losses resulting from declines in the market value of these securities. U.S. government obligations include zero coupon securities that make payments of interest and principal only upon maturity and which therefore tend to be subject to greater volatility than interest bearing securities with comparable maturities.

Some of the U.S. government securities that a fund may hold are not guaranteed or backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government, such as those issued by Fannie Mae (formally known as the Federal National Mortgage Association) and Freddie Mac (formally known as the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation). The maximum potential liability of the issuers of some U.S. government obligations may greatly exceed their current resources, including any legal right to support from the U.S. government.

When-issued securities, delayed delivery, to be announced and forward commitment transactions

Securities purchased in when-issued, delayed delivery, to be announced or forward commitment transactions will not be delivered or paid for immediately. Institutional U.S. Treasury Reserves will not invest in securities on a to be announced basis. Such transactions involve a risk of loss, for example, if the value of the securities declines prior to the settlement date. Therefore, these transactions may have a leveraging effect on a fund, making the value of an investment in the fund more volatile and increasing the fund's overall investment exposure. Typically, no income accrues on securities a fund has committed to purchase prior to the time delivery of the securities is made. Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA") rules may impose mandatory margin requirements for certain types of when-issued, to be announced or forward commitment transactions, with limited exceptions.

Repurchase agreements

In a repurchase agreement, a fund purchases securities from a counterparty, upon the agreement of the counterparty to repurchase the securities from the fund at a later date, and at a specified price, which is typically higher than the purchase price paid by the fund. The securities purchased serve as the fund's collateral for the obligation of the counterparty to repurchase the securities. If the counterparty does not repurchase the securities, the fund is entitled to sell the securities, but the fund may not be able to sell them for the price at which they were purchased, thus causing a loss. Additionally, if the counterparty becomes insolvent, there is some risk that the fund will not have a right to the securities, or the immediate right to sell the securities.

Reverse repurchase agreements and other borrowings-each fund other than Institutional U.S. Treasury Reserves

Each fund may borrow money as a means of raising money to satisfy redemption requests or for other temporary or emergency purposes by entering into reverse repurchase agreements or other borrowing transactions. In a reverse repurchase agreement, a fund sells securities to a counterparty, in return for cash, and the fund agrees to repurchase the securities at a later date and for a higher price, representing the cost to the fund for the money

borrowed. Although the funds do not intend to use these transactions for leveraging purposes, reverse repurchase agreements and other borrowing transactions may make the value of an investment in a fund more volatile and increase the fund's overall investment exposure.

Cash management and defensive investing

Each fund may also hold cash uninvested for cash management and defensive purposes. For example, in the event of unusual circumstances when the subadviser deems it appropriate, each fund may, without limit, hold cash uninvested.

If a fund holds cash uninvested, the fund may be subject to risk with respect to the depository institution holding the cash. In addition, a fund will not earn income on those assets. If a fund takes a temporary defensive position, it will be more difficult for the fund to achieve its investment objective. Although the subadviser has the ability to take defensive positions, it may choose not to do so for a variety of reasons, even during volatile market conditions.

Defaults and other adverse events

In the event that a portfolio security of a fund experiences a default or certain other adverse events, Rule 2a-7 under the 1940 Act imposes certain requirements. Upon the occurrence of (i) a default with respect to a portfolio security (other than an immaterial default unrelated to the financial condition of the issuer), (ii) a portfolio security ceasing to be an eligible security (e.g., no longer presents minimal credit risks), or (iii) an event of insolvency occurring with respect to the issuer of a portfolio security or the provider of any demand feature or guarantee, the fund will dispose of such security as soon as practicable consistent with achieving an orderly disposition of the security, absent a finding by the Board that disposal of the portfolio security would not be in the best interests of the fund (which determination may take into account, among other factors, market conditions that could affect the orderly disposition of the portfolio security).

Other investments

Each fund may also use other strategies and invest in other investments that are described, along with their risks, in the Statement of Additional Information ("SAI"). However, a fund might not use all of the strategies and techniques or invest in all of the types of investments described in this Prospectus or in the SAI.

Selection process

In selecting individual securities, the subadviser:

- Uses fundamental credit analysis to estimate the relative value and attractiveness of various securities and sectors
- Measures the potential impact of supply/demand imbalances for fixed versus variable rate securities and for obligations of different issuers
- Measures the yields available for securities with different maturities and a security's maturity in light of the outlook for interest rates to identify individual securities that offer return advantages at similar risk levels

Because the funds are subject to maturity limitations on the investments they may purchase, many of their investments are held until maturity. The subadviser may sell a security before maturity when it is necessary to do so to meet redemption requests or regulatory requirements. The subadviser may also sell a security if the subadviser believes the issuer is no longer as creditworthy, or in order to adjust the average weighted maturity of a fund's portfolio (for example, to reflect changes in the subadviser's expectations concerning interest rates), or when the subadviser believes there is superior value in other market sectors or industries.

Investment structure

Each fund does not invest directly in securities but instead invests through an underlying mutual fund having the same investment objective and strategies under a master/feeder structure. Unless otherwise indicated, references to the fund, called a feeder fund, in this Prospectus include the underlying master fund. Each fund may stop investing in its corresponding underlying fund at any time, and will do so if a fund's Board believes it to be in the best interests of the fund's shareholders. Each fund could then invest in one or more other mutual funds or pooled investment vehicles, or could invest directly in securities. Investors should note that other feeder funds may invest in the same underlying mutual fund. Those other funds may have lower fees and/or expenses, and correspondingly higher performance, than your fund. In addition, large purchases or redemptions by one feeder fund could negatively affect the performance of other feeder funds that invest in the same master fund.

More on risks of investing in the funds

Following is more information on the principal risks summarized above and additional risks of investing in the funds.

You could lose money by investing in a fund. Although each fund seeks to preserve the value of your investment at \$1.00 per share, it cannot guarantee it will do so. An investment in a fund is not a bank account and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency. Each fund's sponsor is not required to reimburse the fund for losses, and you should not expect that the sponsor will provide financial support to a fund at any time, including during periods of market stress.

During periods of market stress, there could be significant redemptions from money market funds in general, potentially driving the market prices of money market instruments down and adversely affecting market liquidity.

Each fund's respective portfolio does not currently intend to avail itself of the ability to impose discretionary liquidity fees on fund redemptions (such fee not to exceed two percent of the value of the shares redeemed), as permitted under Rule 2a-7 under the 1940 Act. However, the board of each portfolio has informed the fund that the board reserves the right to change the portfolio's policy regarding the imposition of discretionary liquidity fees if the portfolio's board of trustees determines that a liquidity fee is in the best interests of the portfolio. In the event that discretionary liquidity fees are imposed in the future, the fund would be required to pass such fees through to you on the same terms and conditions as imposed by the fund's portfolio.

Each fund could underperform other short-term debt instruments or money market funds, or you could lose money, as a result of risks such as:

Market and interest rate risk. The market prices of a fund's securities may go up or down, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably. While each fund seeks to maintain a \$1.00 share price, if the market prices of the securities owned by a fund fall, the value of your investment in the fund could decline. Market prices may fall due to general market conditions, such as real or perceived adverse economic or political conditions or trends, tariffs and trade disruptions, inflation, substantial economic downturn or recession, changes in interest rates, lack of liquidity in the bond markets or adverse investor sentiment. Changes in market conditions will not typically have the same impact on all types of securities. The market price of a security may also fall due to specific conditions that affect a particular sector of the securities market or a particular issuer.

The market prices of securities may fluctuate significantly when interest rates change and the fund may face a heightened level of interest rate risk due to certain changes in monetary policy. When interest rates rise, the market price of fixed income securities generally goes down. Generally, the longer the maturity of a fixed income security, the greater the impact of a rise in interest rates on the security's market price. Moreover, securities can change in value in response to other factors, such as credit risk. In addition, different interest rate measures (such as short- and long-term interest rates and U.S. and non-U.S. interest rates), or interest rates on different types of securities or securities of different issuers, may not necessarily change in the same amount or in the same direction. When interest rates go down, a fund's yield will decline. Also, when interest rates decline, investments made by a fund may pay a lower interest rate, which would reduce the income received by the fund. Recently, there have been inflationary price movements, which have caused the fixed income securities markets to experience heightened levels of interest rate volatility and liquidity risk. The U.S. Federal Reserve has been raising interest rates from historically low levels. It may continue to raise interest rates. In addition, changes in monetary policy may exacerbate the risks associated with changing interest rates. Any additional interest rate increases in the future could cause the value of the fund's holdings to decrease. It cannot be predicted when inflation will return to more normalized levels or how long financial authorities will counter inflationary pressures with monetary tightening.

Market events risk. The market values of securities or other assets will fluctuate, sometimes sharply and unpredictably, due to factors such as economic events, governmental actions or intervention, actions taken by the U.S. Federal Reserve or foreign central banks, market disruptions caused by trade disputes or other factors, political developments, armed conflicts, economic sanctions and countermeasures in response to sanctions, major cybersecurity events, the global and domestic effects of widespread or local health, weather or climate events, and other factors that may or may not be related to the issuer of the security or other asset. Economies and financial markets throughout the world are increasingly interconnected. Economic, financial or political events, trading and tariff arrangements, public health events, terrorism, wars, natural disasters and other circumstances in one country or region could have profound impacts on global economies or markets. As a result, whether or not a fund invests in securities of issuers located in or with significant exposure to the countries or markets directly affected, the value and liquidity of a fund's investments may be negatively affected. Following Russia's invasion of Ukraine, Russian stocks lost all, or nearly all, of their market value. Other securities or markets could be similarly affected by past or future geopolitical or other events or conditions. Furthermore, events involving limited liquidity, defaults, non-performance or other adverse developments that affect one industry, such as the financial services industry, or concerns or rumors about any events of these kinds, have in the past and may in the future lead to market-wide liquidity problems, may spread to other industries, and could negatively affect the value and liquidity of a fund's investments.

The long-term impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and its subsequent variants on economies, markets, industries and individual issuers is not known. Some sectors of the economy and individual issuers have experienced or may experience particularly large losses. Periods of extreme volatility in the financial markets, reduced liquidity of many instruments, increased government debt, inflation, and disruptions to supply chains, consumer demand and employee availability, may continue for some time. The U.S. government and the Federal Reserve, as well as certain foreign governments and central banks, took extraordinary actions to support local and global economies and the financial markets in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. This and other government intervention into the economy and financial markets may not work as intended, and have resulted in a large expansion of government deficits and debt, the long term consequences of which are not known. In addition, the COVID-19 pandemic, and measures taken to mitigate its effects, could result in disruptions to the services provided to a fund by its service providers.

Raising the ceiling on U.S. government debt has become increasingly politicized. Any failure to increase the total amount that the U.S. government is authorized to borrow could lead to a default on U.S. government obligations, with unpredictable consequences for economies and markets in the U.S. and elsewhere. Recently, inflation and interest rates have increased and may rise further. These circumstances could adversely affect the value and liquidity of a fund's investments, impair a fund's ability to satisfy redemption requests, and negatively impact a fund's performance.

Credit risk. An issuer or other obligor (such as a party providing insurance or other credit enhancement) may fail to make the required payments on securities held by a fund. Debt securities also go up or down in value based on the perceived creditworthiness of issuers or other obligors. If an obligor for a security held by a fund fails to pay, otherwise defaults or is perceived to be less creditworthy, a security's credit rating is downgraded, which could happen rapidly, or the credit quality or value of any underlying assets declines, the value of your investment in the fund could decline significantly, particularly in certain market environments. If a single entity provides credit enhancement to more than one of a fund's investments, the

adverse effects resulting from the downgrade or default of that entity's credit will increase the adverse effects on the fund. If a fund enters into a financial contract (such as a repurchase agreement or reverse repurchase agreement) the fund will be subject to the credit risk presented by the counterparty. In addition, a fund may incur expenses in an effort to protect the fund's interests or to enforce its rights or may be hindered or delayed in exercising those rights.

Although a fund's investments may be treated as short-term securities for the purposes of meeting regulatory maturity limitations, the actual maturity of a security may be longer, and the security's value may decline on the basis of perceived longer term credit risk of the issuer.

Upon the occurrence of certain triggering events or defaults on a security held by a fund, or if the subadviser believes that an obligor of such a security may have difficulty meeting its obligations, the fund may obtain a new or restructured security or underlying assets. In that case, a fund may become the holder of securities or assets that it could not purchase or might not otherwise hold (for example, because they are of lower quality or are subordinated to other obligations of the issuer) at a time when those assets may be difficult to sell or can be sold only at a loss. Any of these events may cause you to lose money.

Yield risk. The funds invest in short-term money market instruments. As a result, the amount of income received by a fund will go up or down depending on variations in short-term interest rates. Investing in high quality, short-term instruments may result in a lower yield (the income on your investment) than investing in lower quality or longer-term instruments. When interest rates are very low or negative, a fund's expenses could absorb all or a significant portion of the fund's income, and, if a fund's expenses exceed the fund's income, the fund may be unable to maintain its \$1.00 share price. If interest rates increase, a fund's yield may not increase proportionately. For example, the funds' manager may discontinue any temporary voluntary fee limitation or recoup amounts previously waived and/or reimbursed. Additionally, inflation may outpace and diminish fund investment returns over time.

A money market fund is also required to maintain liquidity levels based on the characteristics and anticipated liquidity needs of its shareholders. A fund with greater liquidity needs may have a lower yield than money market funds with a different shareholder base. There can be no assurance that an investment in a fund will not be adversely affected by reforms to money market regulation that may be adopted by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission or other regulatory authorities.

Risk of increase in expenses. Your actual costs of investing in a fund may be higher than the expenses shown in "Annual fund operating expenses" for a variety of reasons. For example, expenses may be higher if a fund's average net assets decrease, as a result of redemptions or otherwise, or if a fee limitation is changed or terminated.

Prepayment or call risk (Institutional Government Reserves). Many issuers have a right to prepay their securities. Issuers may be more likely to prepay their securities if interest rates fall. If this happens, a fund will be forced to reinvest prepayment proceeds at a time when yields on securities available in the market are lower than the yield on prepaid securities.

Extension risk (Institutional Government Reserves). If interest rates rise, repayments of fixed income securities may occur more slowly than anticipated by the market. This may drive the prices of these securities down because their interest rates are lower than the current interest rate and they remain outstanding longer.

Portfolio management risk. The value of your investment may decrease if the subadviser's judgment about the quality, relative yield, value or market trends affecting a particular security, industry, sector or region, or about interest rates or other market factors, is incorrect or does not produce the desired results, or if there are imperfections, errors or limitations in the tools and data used by the subadviser. In addition, a fund's investment strategies or policies may change from time to time. Those changes may not lead to the results intended by the subadviser and could have an adverse effect on the value or performance of a fund.

Illiquidity risk. Illiquidity risk exists when particular investments are or may become impossible or difficult to sell or impossible or difficult to purchase. Although most of the fund's investments must be liquid at the time of investment, investments may become illiquid after purchase by a fund, particularly during periods of market turmoil. Markets may become illiquid quickly. Markets may become illiquid when, for instance, there are few, if any, interested buyers or sellers or when dealers are unwilling or unable to make a market for certain securities, including U.S. Treasury securities. As a general matter, dealers have been less willing to make markets in recent years. When a fund holds illiquid investments, the portfolio may be harder to value, especially in changing markets, and if a fund is forced to sell these investments to meet redemption requests or for other cash needs, or to try to limit losses, the fund may be forced to sell at a substantial loss or may not be able to sell at all. A fund may experience heavy redemptions that could cause the fund to liquidate its assets at inopportune times or at a loss or depressed value, which could cause the value of your investment to decline. In addition, when there is illiquidity in the market for certain investments, a fund, due to limitations on illiquid investments, may be unable to achieve its desired level of exposure to a certain sector.

Valuation risk. The sales price a fund could receive for any particular portfolio investment may differ from the fund's valuation of the investment, particularly for securities that trade in thin or volatile markets or that are valued using a fair value methodology. These differences may increase significantly and affect fund investments more broadly during periods of market volatility. Investors who purchase or redeem fund shares on days when a fund is holding fair-valued securities may receive fewer or more shares or lower or higher redemption proceeds than they would have received if the fund had not fair-valued securities or had used a different valuation methodology. A fund's ability to value its investments may also be impacted by technological issues and/or errors by pricing services or other third party service providers. The valuation of a fund's investments involves subjective judgment.

Risk relating to investments by other funds. Other funds, including affiliated funds, may invest in a fund. From time to time, a fund may experience relatively large redemptions or investments from these funds as a result of their rebalancing their portfolios or for other reasons. In the event of such redemptions or investments, a fund could be required to sell securities or to invest cash at a time when it is not advantageous to do so.

Repurchase agreements risk. Repurchase agreements could involve certain risks in the event of default or insolvency of the seller, including losses and possible delays or restrictions upon a fund's ability to dispose of the underlying securities. To the extent that, in the meantime, the value of the securities that a fund has purchased has decreased, a fund could experience a loss. The use of repurchase agreements may produce income that is not exempt from state personal income tax.

Operational risk. Your ability to transact with a fund or the valuation of your investment may be negatively impacted because of the operational risks arising from factors such as processing errors and human errors, inadequate or failed internal or external processes, failures in systems and technology (including those due to cybersecurity incidents), changes in personnel, and errors caused by third party service providers or trading counterparties. It is not possible to identify all of the operational risks that may affect a fund or to develop processes and controls that eliminate or mitigate the occurrence of such failures. A fund and its shareholders could be negatively impacted as a result.

Cybersecurity risk. Like other funds and business enterprises, a fund, the manager, the subadviser and their service providers are subject to the risk of cyber incidents occurring from time to time. Cybersecurity incidents, whether intentionally caused by third parties or otherwise, may allow an unauthorized party to gain access to fund assets, fund or customer data (including private shareholder information) or proprietary information, cause a fund, the manager, the subadviser and/or their service providers (including, but not limited to, fund accountants, custodians, sub-custodians, transfer agents and financial intermediaries) to suffer data breaches, data corruption or loss of operational functionality, or prevent fund investors from purchasing, redeeming or exchanging shares, receiving distributions or receiving timely information regarding a fund or their investment in the fund. A fund, the manager, and the subadviser have limited ability to prevent or mitigate cybersecurity incidents affecting third party service providers, and such third party service providers may have limited indemnification obligations to the fund, the manager, and/or the subadviser. Cybersecurity incidents may result in financial losses to a fund and its shareholders, and substantial costs may be incurred in order to prevent or mitigate any future cybersecurity incidents. Issuers of securities in which a fund invests are also subject to cybersecurity risks, and the value of these securities could decline if the issuers experience cybersecurity incidents.

New ways to carry out cyber attacks continue to develop. There is a chance that some risks have not been identified or prepared for, or that an attack may not be detected, which puts limitations on a fund's ability to plan for or respond to a cyber attack.

Money market fund regulatory risk. Money market funds and the securities they invest in are subject to comprehensive regulations. The enactment of new legislation or regulations, as well as changes in interpretation and enforcement of current laws, may affect the manner of operation, performance and/or yield of money market funds and could limit a fund's investment flexibility and reduce its ability to generate returns. In July 2023, the SEC adopted amendments to money market fund regulations. A fund's operations will be impacted as it comes into compliance with the new regulations.

Negative interest rate environment. A negative interest rate environment could impact a fund's ability to maintain a stable \$1.00 share price. During a negative interest rate environment, a fund may reduce the number of shares outstanding on a pro rata basis through reverse stock splits, negative dividends or other "share cancellation" mechanisms to seek to maintain a stable \$1.00 price per share, to the extent permissible by applicable law. Alternatively, a fund may discontinue using the amortized cost method of valuation to maintain a stable \$1.00 price per share and establish a fluctuating net asset value per share rounded to four decimal places by using available market quotations or equivalents.

Please note that there are other factors that could adversely affect your investment and that could prevent a fund from achieving its investment objective. More information about risks appears in the SAI. Before investing, you should carefully consider the risks that you will assume.

Portfolio holdings

A description of the funds' policies and procedures with respect to the disclosure of portfolio securities is available in the SAI. Each fund intends to make complete portfolio holdings information as of the last business day of each month available at www.franklintempleton.com/moneymarketfunds (click on the name of the fund) no later than five business days after month-end. Monthly portfolio holdings information will be available on each fund's website for at least six months after posting.

For information about a fund, please visit the fund's website, www.franklintempleton.com/moneymarketfunds, and click on the name of the fund.

More on fund management

Franklin Templeton Fund Adviser, LLC ("FTFA" or the "manager") (formerly known as Legg Mason Partners Fund Advisor, LLC) is each fund's investment manager. FTFA, with offices at 280 Park Avenue, New York, New York 10017, also serves as the investment manager of other Franklin Templeton-sponsored funds. FTFA provides administrative and certain oversight services to the funds. As of September 30, 2023, FTFA's total assets under management were approximately \$171.9 billion.

Western Asset Management Company, LLC ("Western Asset") provides the day-to-day portfolio management of each fund as subadviser. Western Asset, established in 1971, has offices at 385 East Colorado Boulevard, Pasadena, California 91101 and 620 Eighth Avenue, New York, New York 10018. Western Asset acts as investment adviser to institutional accounts, such as corporate pension plans, mutual funds and endowment funds. As of September 30, 2023, the total assets under management of Western Asset and its supervised affiliates were approximately \$365.2 billion.

FTFA pays the subadviser a portion of the management fee that it receives from each fund. The funds do not pay any additional advisory or other fees for advisory services provided by Western Asset.

FTFA and Western Asset are indirect, wholly-owned subsidiaries of Franklin Resources, Inc. ("Franklin Resources"). Franklin Resources, whose principal executive offices are at One Franklin Parkway, San Mateo, California 94403, is a global investment management organization operating, together with its subsidiaries, as Franklin Templeton. As of September 30, 2023, Franklin Templeton's asset management operations had aggregate assets under management of approximately \$1.37 trillion.

Management fee

Each of Institutional U.S. Treasury Reserves, Institutional U.S. Treasury Obligations Fund, and Institutional Government Reserves pays a management fee at an annual rate that decreases as assets increase, as follows: 0.250% on assets up to and including \$1 billion; 0.225% on assets over \$1 billion, up to and including \$2 billion; 0.200% on assets over \$2 billion, up to and including \$5 billion; 0.175% on assets over \$5 billion, up to and including \$10 billion; and 0.150% on assets over \$10 billion.

For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2023, each of the following funds paid FTFA an effective management fee equal to the following percentages of the fund's average daily net assets for management services:

Fund	Fee rate (%)
Institutional U.S. Treasury Reserves	0.16%
Institutional U.S. Treasury Obligations Fund	0.11%
Institutional Government Reserves	0.16%

A discussion regarding the basis for the Board's approval of each fund's management agreement and subadvisory agreement is available in that fund's Annual Report for the period ended August 31, 2023.

Expense limitation

The manager has agreed to waive fees and/or reimburse operating expenses (other than interest, brokerage, taxes, extraordinary expenses and acquired fund fees and expenses) so that total annual operating expenses for Institutional Shares will not exceed the following percentages of the class' average daily net assets, subject to recapture as described below:

Fund	Limit (%)
Institutional U.S. Treasury Reserves—Institutional Shares	0.18
Institutional U.S. Treasury Obligations Fund—Institutional Shares	0.18
Institutional Government Reserves—Institutional Shares	0.18

These arrangements are expected to continue until December 31, 2024, may be terminated prior to that date by agreement of the manager and the Board, and may be terminated at any time after that date by the manager. Additional amounts may be voluntarily waived and/or reimbursed from time to time. The manager is also permitted to recapture amounts waived and/or reimbursed to a class during the same fiscal year if the class' total annual operating expenses have fallen to a level below the limit described above. In no case will the manager recapture any amount that would result, on any particular business day of a fund, in the class' total annual operating expenses exceeding the applicable limit described above, or any other lower limit then in effect.

Additional information

Each fund enters into contractual arrangements with various parties, including, among others, each fund's manager and the subadviser, who provide services to the funds. Shareholders are not parties to, or intended (or "third-party") beneficiaries of, those contractual arrangements.

This Prospectus and the SAI provide information concerning each fund that you should consider in determining whether to purchase shares of a fund. A fund may make changes to this information from time to time. Neither this Prospectus nor the SAI is intended to give rise to any contract rights or other rights in any shareholder, other than rights conferred by federal or state securities laws.

Recordkeeping fees

Each fund is authorized to pay fees for recordkeeping services to Service Agents. As a result, operating expenses of classes that incur new or additional recordkeeping fees may increase over time.

Distribution

Franklin Distributors, LLC ("Franklin Distributors" or the "Distributor"), an indirect, wholly-owned broker/dealer subsidiary of Franklin Resources, serves as each fund's sole and exclusive distributor.

Additional payments

The Distributor, the manager and/or their affiliates make payments for distribution, shareholder servicing, marketing and promotional activities and related expenses out of their profits and other available sources, including profits from their relationships with each fund. These payments are not reflected as additional expenses in the fee tables contained in this Prospectus. The recipients of these payments may include the Distributor and affiliates of the manager, as well as Service Agents through which investors may purchase shares of each fund, including your Service Agent. The total amount of these payments is substantial, may be substantial to any given recipient and may exceed the costs and expenses incurred by the recipient for any fund-related marketing or shareholder servicing activities. The payments described in this paragraph are often referred to as "revenue sharing payments." Revenue sharing arrangements are separately negotiated between the Distributor, the manager and/or their affiliates, and the recipients of these payments.

Revenue sharing payments create an incentive for an intermediary or its employees or associated persons to recommend or sell shares of each fund to you. Contact your Service Agent for details about revenue sharing payments it receives or may receive. Additional information about revenue sharing payments is available in the SAI. Revenue sharing payments, as well as payments by each fund under the shareholder services and distribution plan (where applicable), or for recordkeeping and/or shareholder services, also benefit the manager, the Distributor and their affiliates to the extent the payments result in more assets being invested in the fund on which fees are being charged.

Buying shares

Shares of the funds are offered continuously and purchases may be made on any day the funds are open for business, as described under "Share price/Fund business days" below.

Each fund may offer one or more additional classes of shares. Only Institutional Shares are offered through this Prospectus.

You may buy shares:

- Through banks, brokers, dealers, insurance companies, investment advisers, financial consultants or advisers, mutual fund supermarkets and other financial intermediaries that have entered into an agreement with the Distributor to sell shares of the funds (each called a "Service Agent")
- Directly from a fund

Please note that Institutional Shares are not available to individual investors, except for individual investors buying directly from a fund.

Your Service Agent may provide shareholder services that differ from the services provided by other Service Agents. Services provided by your Service Agent may vary by class. You should ask your Service Agent to explain the shareholder services it provides for each class and the compensation it receives in connection with each class. Remember that your Service Agent may receive different compensation depending on the share class in which you invest.

Your Service Agent may not offer all classes of shares. You should contact your Service Agent for further information.

Generally

You may buy shares of a fund on any day that the fund is open for business, as described under "Share price/Fund business days." Shares are sold at their net asset value next determined after receipt by your Service Agent or the transfer agent of your purchase request in good order.

A fund may not be available for sale in certain states. Prospective investors should inquire as to whether a fund is available for sale in their state of residence.

You must provide the following information for your order to be processed:

- Name of fund being bought
- Class of shares being bought
- Dollar amount or number of shares being bought
- Account number (if existing account)

Through a Service Agent

You should contact your Service Agent to open an account and make arrangements to buy shares. You must contact your Service Agent to arrange for the wiring of federal funds.

Your Service Agent may charge an annual account maintenance fee.

Through a fund

Investors should contact the funds at 1-877-721-1926 or 1-203-703-6002 to open an account and make arrangements to buy shares.

You must contact the funds at 1-877-721-1926 or 1-203-703-6002 to arrange for the wiring of federal funds. If you are purchasing by check, enclose a check to pay for the shares.

Orders may be received by mail as follows:

Regular Mail:

BNY Mellon
Attn: Western Asset Money Market Funds
P.O. Box 534447
Pittsburgh, PA 15253-4447

Overnight Mail:

BNY Mellon
Attn: 534447
500 Ross Street, 154-0520
Pittsburgh, PA 15262

If you pay by check and your check does not clear in due course, your purchase will be canceled and you will be responsible for any expenses and losses to a fund.

If a fund does not receive your purchase wire by the close of the Federal Reserve wire transfer system on the day you placed your order, your order will be canceled and you could be liable for any losses or fees incurred by the fund or its agents.

Purchase requests placed by telephone during the fund service desk's hours of operation and received in good order will be accepted for processing at the net asset value next determined. The fund service desk's normal hours of operations are between 8:00 a.m. and 5:30 p.m. (Eastern time) each fund business day.

When shares begin to earn dividends

If your order for a purchase to be made in federal funds is received by a fund in good order prior to the fund's close of business on a fund business day, shares purchased will normally be entitled to receive dividends declared on that day and orders received after the fund's close of business on a fund business day will normally begin to earn dividends on the following business day.

If you pay by check, your shares generally begin to earn dividends on the fund business day following receipt of the check.

If you are purchasing through a Service Agent, you should check with your Service Agent to determine when your purchase order will be effective.

Your account statement will have more information on who to contact if you want to buy, exchange or redeem shares, or you can contact your fund between 8:00 a.m. and 5:30 p.m. (Eastern time) at 1-877-721-1926 or 1-203-703-6002.

Exchanging shares

Generally

You may exchange shares of a fund for Institutional Shares, if offered, of any other Western Asset money market fund made available to you on any day that both the fund and the fund into which you are exchanging are open for business. An exchange of shares of one fund for shares of another fund is generally a taxable transaction, but you will not have any gain or loss on an exchange so long as the fund whose shares you exchange maintains a net asset value of \$1.00 per share.

Franklin Templeton offers a distinctive family of money market funds tailored to help meet the varying needs of large and small investors

You may exchange shares at the final net asset value calculated on a fund business day after receipt by your Service Agent or the transfer agent of your exchange request in good order.

- If you are a customer of a Service Agent, contact your Service Agent to learn which funds your Service Agent makes available to you for exchanges. Other shareholders should contact the funds at 1-877-721-1926 or 1-203-703-6002
- Exchanges may be made only between accounts that have identical registrations
- The exchange privilege may be changed or terminated at any time

Always be sure to read the prospectus of the fund into which you are exchanging shares.

Investment minimums and other requirements

Your exchange will be subject to the requirements of the fund into which you are exchanging shares.

By telephone

You may place exchange orders by telephone if your account permits. Contact your Service Agent or, if you hold shares directly with a fund, call the fund at 1-877-721-1926 or 1-203-703-6002.

By mail

Contact your Service Agent or, if you hold shares directly with a fund, write to the fund as follows:

Regular Mail:

BNY Mellon
Attn: Western Asset Money Market Funds
P.O. Box 534447
Pittsburgh, PA 15253-4447

Overnight Mail:

BNY Mellon
Attn: 534447
500 Ross Street, 154-0520
Pittsburgh, PA 15262

Your account statement will have more information on who to contact if you want to buy, exchange or redeem shares, or you can contact your fund between 8:00 a.m. and 5:30 p.m. (Eastern time) at 1-877-721-1926 or 1-203-703-6002.

Redeeming shares

Generally

You may redeem shares of a fund on any day that the fund is open for business, as described under "Share price/Fund business days" below. Shares are redeemed at their net asset value next determined after receipt by your Service Agent or the transfer agent of your redemption request in good order.

If the shares are held by a fiduciary or corporation, partnership or similar entity, other documents may be required.

Contact your Service Agent or, if you hold shares directly with a fund, call the fund at 1-877-721-1926 or 1-203-703-6002 to redeem shares of the fund.

Redemption proceeds

For Institutional U.S. Treasury Obligations Fund: If your request is received in good order by your Service Agent or the transfer agent prior to the time the fund makes its final net asset value calculation on any day the fund is open for business (normally 5:00 p.m. (Eastern time)), your redemption proceeds normally will be sent that day, but in any event within 7 days. However, if you make a redemption request before the fund has collected payment for the purchase of shares, the fund may delay your proceeds until payment is collected, for up to 10 days.

Your redemption proceeds may be delayed, or your right to receive redemption proceeds suspended beyond 7 days, if the NYSE is closed (other than on weekends or holidays) or trading is restricted, if an emergency exists, or otherwise as permitted by the rules of or by the order of the SEC.

For Institutional U.S. Treasury Reserves: You normally will receive your redemption proceeds in federal funds on the business day on which you sell your shares, or if your redemption request is received in good order by your Service Agent or the transfer agent after the fund makes its final net asset value calculation on that business day (normally 2:00 p.m. (Eastern time)), on the next business day. The fund may delay payment for one business day under certain circumstances and may delay beyond one business day if Fedwire or the applicable Federal Reserve Bank is closed on the day your redemption proceeds would otherwise be paid, or in the circumstances described below.

Your redemption proceeds may be delayed, or your right to receive redemption proceeds suspended beyond 7 days, if the NYSE is closed (other than on weekends or holidays) or trading is restricted, if an emergency exists, or otherwise as permitted by the rules of or by the order of the SEC.

For Institutional Government Reserves: You normally will receive your redemption proceeds in federal funds on the business day on which you sell your shares, or if your redemption request is received in good order by your Service Agent or the transfer agent after the fund makes its final net asset value calculation on that business day (normally 5:00 p.m. (Eastern time)), on the next business day.

The fund may provide for the postponement of redemption and payment of redemption proceeds beyond one business day only as follows: (A) for any period during which there is a non-routine closure of the Fedwire or applicable Federal Reserve Banks; (B) for any period: (1) during which the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") is closed other than customary week-end and holiday closings; or (2) during which trading on the NYSE is restricted; (C) for any period during which an emergency exists as a result of which: (1) disposal by the fund of securities owned by it is not reasonably practicable; or (2) it is not reasonably practicable for the fund to fairly determine the net asset value of shares of the fund; (D) for any period as the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") may by order permit for the protection of shareholders of the fund; (E) for any period during which the SEC has, by rule or regulation, deemed that: (1) trading shall be restricted; or (2) an emergency exists; or (F) for any period during which the fund, as part of a necessary liquidation of the fund, has properly postponed and/or suspended redemption of shares and payment in accordance with federal securities laws.

For all funds: You generally are entitled to receive dividends on fund shares through the business day prior to the day on which your proceeds are sent to you.

If you hold your shares through a Service Agent, your Service Agent may have its own earlier deadlines for the receipt of a redemption request. Your sale or redemption proceeds will be sent by federal wire to your Service Agent. You should check with your Service Agent to determine when your proceeds will be available to you.

If you hold your shares through a fund and have designated a bank account on your application form, you may have the proceeds sent by federal wire or by electronic transfer (ACH) to that bank account. To change the bank account designated to receive wire or electronic transfers, you will be required to deliver a new written authorization and may be asked to provide other documents. You may be charged a fee on a wire or an electronic transfer (ACH). In other cases, unless you direct otherwise, your proceeds will be paid by check mailed to your address of record.

Under normal circumstances, each fund expects to meet redemption requests by using cash or cash equivalents in its portfolio.

The funds reserve the right to pay redemption proceeds by giving you securities instead of cash (for example, if a fund reasonably believes that a cash redemption may have a substantial impact on the fund and its remaining shareholders). You may pay transaction costs to dispose of the securities, you may owe capital gain tax on the sale of the securities and you may receive less than the price at which they were valued for purposes of the redemption.

During periods of deteriorating or stressed market conditions, or during extraordinary or emergency circumstances, a fund may be more likely to pay redemption proceeds by giving you securities.

By mail

Contact your Service Agent or, if you hold shares directly with a fund, write to the fund as follows:

Regular Mail:

BNY Mellon
Attn: Western Asset Money Market Funds
P.O. Box 534447
Pittsburgh, PA 15253-4447

Overnight Mail:

BNY Mellon
Attn: 534447
500 Ross Street, 154-0520
Pittsburgh, PA 15262

Your written request must provide the following:

- The fund name, the class of shares being redeemed and your account number
- The dollar amount or number of shares being redeemed
- Signature of each owner exactly as the account is registered
- Signature guarantees, as applicable (see "Other things to know about transactions")

By telephone

If your account application permits, you may be eligible to redeem shares by telephone. Contact your Service Agent or, if you hold shares directly with a fund, call the fund at 1-877-721-1926 or 1-203-703-6002.

Please have the following information ready when you place your redemption request:

- Name of fund being redeemed
- Class of shares being redeemed
- Account number

If you hold your shares directly with a fund and your telephonic redemption request is placed with the fund service desk during the fund service desk's hours of operation and received in good order, your request will be accepted for processing at the net asset value next determined. The fund service desk's normal hours of operations are between 8:00 a.m. and 5:30 p.m. (Eastern time) each fund business day.

Liquidity fees

Each fund's respective portfolio does not currently intend to avail itself of the ability to impose discretionary liquidity fees on fund redemptions (such fee not to exceed two percent of the value of the shares redeemed), as permitted under Rule 2a-7 under the 1940 Act. However, each fund's portfolio reserves the right to charge discretionary liquidity fees if the portfolio's board of trustees determines that a liquidity fee is in the best interests of the portfolio. In the event that discretionary liquidity fees are imposed in the future, the fund would be required to pass such fees through to you on the same terms and conditions as imposed by the fund's portfolio.

Liquidation

Each fund reserves the right to permanently suspend redemptions and liquidate if the Board of the fund determines that it is not in the best interests of the fund to continue operating.

Your account statement will have more information on who to contact if you want to buy, exchange or redeem shares, or you can contact your fund between 8:00 a.m. and 5:30 p.m. (Eastern time) at 1-877-721-1926 or 1-203-703-6002.

Other things to know about transactions

When you buy, exchange or redeem shares, your request must be in good order. This means you have provided the following information, without which your request may not be processed:

- Name of the fund
- Your account number
- In the case of a purchase (including a purchase as part of an exchange transaction), the class of shares being bought
- In the case of an exchange or redemption, the class of shares being exchanged or redeemed (if you own more than one class)
- Dollar amount or number of shares being bought, exchanged or redeemed
- In certain circumstances, the signature of each owner exactly as the account is registered (see "Redeeming shares")

In certain circumstances, such as during periods of market volatility, severe weather and emergencies, shareholders may experience difficulties placing exchange or redemption orders by telephone. In that case, shareholders should consider using a fund's other exchange and redemption procedures described under "Exchanging shares" and "Redeeming shares."

The transfer agent or the funds will employ reasonable procedures to confirm that any telephone, electronic or other exchange or redemption request is genuine, which may include recording calls, asking the caller to provide certain personal identification information, employing identification numbers, sending you a written confirmation or requiring other confirmation procedures from time to time. If these procedures are followed, neither a fund nor its agents will bear any liability for these transactions, subject to applicable law.

Each fund does not consider the U.S. Postal Service or private delivery services to be its agents. Therefore, deposits in the mail or with such delivery services, or receipt at a fund's post office box, of purchase requests or redemption orders, do not constitute receipt by a fund or its transfer agent.

Each fund has the right to:

- Suspend the offering of shares permanently or for a period of time
- Waive or change minimum initial and additional investment amounts
- Reject any purchase or exchange order
- Change, revoke or suspend the exchange privilege
- Suspend telephone transactions
- Suspend or postpone redemptions of shares on any day when trading on the NYSE is restricted or as otherwise permitted by the SEC
- Redeem shares if information provided in the application should prove to be incorrect in any manner judged by the fund to be material (e.g., in a manner such as to render the shareholder ineligible to purchase shares of that class)

Each fund may be required to close your account after a period of inactivity, as determined by applicable U.S. state or territory abandoned or unclaimed property laws and regulations, and transfer your shares to the appropriate U.S. state or territory. If your shares are transferred to an applicable U.S. state or territory from an IRA account, that could be treated as a taxable distribution from your IRA to you. For more information on unclaimed property and how to maintain an active account, please contact your Service Agent or the fund's transfer agent.

For your protection, the funds or your Service Agent may request additional information in connection with large redemptions, unusual activity in your account, or otherwise to ensure your redemption request is in good order. Please contact your Service Agent or the funds for more information.

Medallion signature guarantees

To be in good order, your redemption request must include a Medallion signature guarantee if you:

- are redeeming shares and sending the proceeds to an address or bank account not currently on file or to an account in another Western Asset money market fund sold by the Distributor with a different account registration
- changed your account registration or your address within 30 calendar days
- want the check paid to someone other than the account owner(s)
- are transferring the redemption proceeds to an account with a different registration

For other types of transactions involving changes to your account registration information, please contact the fund or your Service Agent.

When a Medallion signature guarantee is called for, the shareholder should have a Medallion signature guarantee stamped under his or her signature. You can obtain a signature guarantee from most banks, dealers, brokers, credit unions and federal savings and loan institutions, national securities exchanges, registered securities associations and clearing agencies (each an "Eligible Guarantor Institution"), but not from a notary public.

Each fund and its agents reserve the right to reject any Medallion signature guarantee pursuant to written signature guarantee standards or procedures, which may be revised in the future to permit them to reject Medallion signature guarantees from Eligible Guarantor Institutions. A fund may change the signature guarantee requirements from time to time without prior notice to shareholders.

Restrictions on the availability of the funds outside the United States

The distribution of this Prospectus and the offering of shares of the funds are restricted in certain jurisdictions. This Prospectus is not an offer or solicitation in any jurisdiction where such offer or solicitation is unlawful, where the person making an offer or solicitation is not authorized to make

it or a person receiving an offer or solicitation may not lawfully receive it or may not lawfully invest in the funds. Investors should inform themselves as to the legal requirements within their own country before investing in the funds.

This Prospectus, and the offer of shares hereunder, are not directed at persons outside the United States. In particular, a fund is not intended to be marketed to prospective investors in any member state of the European Union, Iceland, Liechtenstein or Norway (collectively, the "European Economic Area" or "EEA"). No notification or application has been made to the competent authority of any member state of the EEA under the Alternative Investment Fund Managers Directive (or any applicable legislation or regulations made thereunder) to market a fund to investors in the EEA and it is not intended that any such notification or application shall be made.

U.S. citizens with addresses in the United States, and non-U.S. citizens who reside in the United States and have U.S. addresses, are permitted to establish accounts with a fund. For these purposes, the "United States" and "U.S." include U.S. territories.

A fund generally does not permit persons who do not reside in the United States or who do not have U.S. addresses to establish accounts. Therefore, U.S. citizens residing in foreign countries, as well as non-U.S. citizens residing in foreign countries, generally will not be permitted to establish accounts with a fund.

For further information, you or your Service Agent may contact the funds at 1-877-721-1926 or 1-203-703-6002.

Anti-money laundering

Federal anti-money laundering regulations require all financial institutions to obtain, verify and record information that identifies each person who opens an account. When you sign your account application, you may be asked to provide additional information in order for a fund to verify your identity in accordance with these regulations. If you are opening the account in the name of a legal entity (e.g. partnership, limited liability company, business trust, corporation, etc.), you may also be required to supply the identity of the beneficial owners and a control individual with management authority, prior to the opening of your account. Accounts may be restricted and/or closed, and the monies withheld, pending verification of this information or as otherwise required under these and other federal regulations.

Small account balances/Mandatory redemptions

Each fund reserves the right to ask you to bring your account up to a minimum investment amount determined by your Service Agent if the aggregate value of the fund shares in your account is less than \$500 for any reason (including solely due to declines in net asset value and/or failure to invest at least \$500 within a reasonable period). You will be notified in writing and will have 60 days to make an additional investment to bring your account value up to the required level. If you choose not to do so within this 60-day period, the fund may close your account and send you the redemption proceeds. If your share class is no longer offered, you may not be able to bring your account up to the minimum investment amount. Some shareholders who hold accounts in multiple classes of the same fund may have those accounts aggregated for the purposes of these calculations. If your account is closed, you will not be eligible to have your account reinstated without imposition of any sales charges that may apply to your new purchase.

Please contact your Service Agent for more information. Any redemption of fund shares may result in tax consequences to you (see "Taxes" for more information). Each fund may, with prior notice, change the minimum size of accounts subject to mandatory redemption, which may vary by class, or implement fees for small accounts.

Subject to applicable law, a fund may, with prior notice, adopt other policies from time to time requiring mandatory redemption of shares in certain circumstances.

For more information, please contact your Service Agent or the funds or consult the SAI.

Frequent trading of fund shares

Money market funds are often used by investors for short-term investments, in place of bank checking or saving accounts, or for cash management purposes. Investors value the ability to add and withdraw their funds quickly, without restriction. For this reason the funds' Board has not adopted policies and procedures, or imposed restrictions such as minimum holding periods, in order to deter frequent purchases and redemptions of money market fund shares. The Board also believes that money market funds, such as the funds, are not typically targets of abusive trading practices.

However, some investors may seek to take advantage of a short-term disparity between a fund's yield and current market yields, which could have the effect of reducing the fund's yield. In addition, frequent purchases and redemptions of fund shares could increase a fund's transaction costs and may interfere with the efficient management of the fund's portfolio, which could detract from the fund's performance.

Reduction in number of shares

In order to maintain a \$1.00 per share net asset value, if the value of a fund's assets were to decline, the fund could, if authorized by the Board, reduce the number of its outstanding shares through a reverse stock split. If this happens, although each share would continue to be valued at \$1.00 per share, each shareholder will own fewer shares of the fund and lose money. A fund could do this in a negative interest rate environment. By investing in a fund, you agree to this reduction should it become necessary to maintain a \$1.00 per share net asset value.

Record ownership

If you hold shares through a Service Agent, your Service Agent may establish and maintain your account and be the shareholder of record. In the event that a fund holds a shareholder meeting, your Service Agent, as record holder, will be entitled to vote your shares and may seek voting instructions from you. If you do not give your Service Agent voting instructions, your Service Agent, under certain circumstances, may nonetheless be entitled to vote your shares.

Dividends, other distributions and taxes

Dividends and other distributions

Each fund calculates its net income and declares dividends each business day when it makes its final net asset value calculation. See "Buying shares" above for information about when recently purchased shares begin to earn dividends and "Redeeming shares" above for information about when shares redeemed cease to earn dividends. Dividends are distributed once a month, on or before the last business day of the month.

You can elect to receive dividends and/or other distributions in cash.

Unless you elect to receive dividends and/or other distributions in cash, your dividends and capital gain distributions will be automatically reinvested in shares of the same class you hold, at the net asset value determined on the reinvestment date.

If you hold shares directly with a fund and you elect to receive dividends and/or distributions in cash, you have the option to receive such dividends and/or distributions via a direct deposit to your bank account or, provided that the dividend and/or distribution is \$10.00 or more, by check. If you choose to receive dividends and/or distributions via check, amounts less than \$10.00 will automatically be reinvested in fund shares as described above.

If you do not want dividends and/or distributions in amounts less than \$10.00 to be reinvested in fund shares, you must elect to receive dividends and distributions via a direct deposit to your bank account.

The Board reserves the right to revise the dividend policy or postpone the payment of dividends if warranted in the Board's judgment due to unusual circumstances.

Taxes

The following discussion is very general, applies only to shareholders who are U.S. persons, and does not address shareholders subject to special rules, such as those who hold fund shares through an IRA, 401(k) plan or other tax-advantaged account. Except as specifically noted, the discussion is limited to federal income tax matters, and does not address state, local, foreign or non-income taxes. Further information regarding taxes, including certain federal income tax considerations relevant to non-U.S. persons, is included in the SAI. Because each shareholder's circumstances are different and special tax rules may apply, you should consult your tax professional about federal, state, local and/or foreign tax considerations that may be relevant to your particular situation.

You normally will have to pay federal income tax on any dividends and other distributions you receive from a fund, whether the distributions are paid in cash or additional shares. Distributions of net capital gain (the excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss) that are reported by a fund as capital gain dividends are taxable to you as long-term capital gain regardless of how long you have owned your shares. Other distributions are generally taxable as ordinary income. The funds do not expect any distributions to be treated as qualified dividend income, which for noncorporate shareholders may be taxed at reduced rates.

If you redeem shares or exchange them for shares of another fund, it is generally a taxable event. However, you will not have any gain or loss on the redemption or exchange so long as the fund whose shares you redeem or exchange maintains a net asset value of \$1.00 per share.

A Medicare contribution tax is imposed at the rate of 3.8% on all or a portion of net investment income of U.S. individuals if their income exceeds specified thresholds and on all or a portion of undistributed net investment income of certain estates and trusts. Net investment income generally includes for this purpose dividends and capital gain distributions, if any, paid by a fund.

A dividend declared by a fund in October, November or December and paid during January of the following year will, in certain circumstances, be treated as paid in December for tax purposes.

After the end of each year, your Service Agent or fund will provide you with information about the distributions and dividends you received. Because each shareholder's circumstances are different and special tax rules may apply, you should consult your tax professional about your investment in a fund.

Share price/Fund business days

You may buy or redeem shares at their net asset value ("NAV") next determined after receipt of your request in good order. You may exchange shares at the final NAV calculated on a fund business day after receipt of your request in good order.

Each fund uses the amortized cost method to value its portfolio securities. Using this method, a fund constantly amortizes over the remaining life of a security the difference between the principal amount due at maturity and the cost of the security to the fund. This method of valuation is designed to permit a money market fund to maintain a constant NAV of \$1.00 per share, but there is no guarantee that it will do so.

Each fund's NAV per share is the value of its assets minus its liabilities divided by the number of shares outstanding. NAV is calculated separately for each class of shares. Each fund is open for business and calculates its NAV every day on which both the NYSE and the Federal Reserve Bank of New York ("FRBNY") are open for business. Therefore, the funds will be closed on the days on which the following holidays are observed: New Year's Day, Martin Luther King, Jr. Day, Presidents' Day, Good Friday, Memorial Day, Juneteenth National Independence Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Columbus Day, Veterans Day, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day. Both the NYSE and FRBNY are also closed on weekends and may be closed because of an emergency or other unanticipated event. In the event the Federal Reserve wire payment system is open and the NYSE is open, a fund may close for purchase or redemption transactions if—due to an emergency or other unanticipated event—the bond markets are closed for business as recommended by the Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association ("SIFMA"). In the event the NYSE does not open for business because of an emergency or other unanticipated event, a fund may, but is not required to, open for purchase or redemption transactions if the Federal Reserve wire payment system is open and the bond markets are open.

Each fund typically calculates its NAV as of each hour from 8:00 a.m. (Eastern time) until its close of business on each fund business day. However, a fund could, without advance notice, determine not to make one or more intraday calculations on a given day for a number of reasons such as unusual conditions in the bond, credit or other markets or unusual fund purchase or redemption activity. If a fund determined not to make an intraday calculation, purchases or redemptions would be effected at the next determined intraday or closing NAV, which may be greater or less than the price at which the purchase or redemption would otherwise have been effected.

On any day when the NYSE, the FRBNY or the bond markets (as recommended by SIFMA) close early due to an unanticipated event, or if trading on the NYSE is restricted, an emergency arises or as otherwise permitted by the SEC, each fund reserves the right to close early and make its final NAV calculation as of the time of its early close.

Each fund normally closes for business at the following times: Institutional U.S. Treasury Reserves at 2:00 p.m. (Eastern time), Institutional U.S. Treasury Obligations Fund at 5:00 p.m. (Eastern time), and Institutional Government Reserves at 5:00 p.m. (Eastern time). When SIFMA recommends an early close to the bond markets on a business day before or after a day on which a holiday is celebrated, each fund reserves the right to close at or prior to the SIFMA recommended closing time. For calendar year 2024, SIFMA recommends an early close of the bond markets on March 28, 2024; May 24, 2024; July 3, 2024; November 29, 2024; December 24, 2024 and December 31, 2024. The schedule may be changed by SIFMA due to market conditions.

To determine whether a fund is open for business, please call the fund at 1-877-721-1926 or 1-203-703-6002. The fund service desk is generally open between 8:00 a.m. and 5:30 p.m. (Eastern time) but may close early under certain circumstances. You should contact your Service Agent to determine whether your Service Agent will be open for business.

It is the responsibility of the Service Agent to transmit all orders to buy, exchange or redeem shares to the transfer agent on a timely basis.

Financial highlights

The financial highlights tables are intended to help you understand the performance of Institutional Shares for the past five years, unless otherwise noted. Certain information reflects financial results for a single fund share. Total return represents the rate that an investor would have earned (or lost) on an investment in the fund, assuming reinvestment of all dividends and other distributions. Unless otherwise noted, this information has been audited by each fund's independent registered public accounting firm, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, whose report, along with each fund's financial statements, is incorporated by reference into each fund's SAI (see back cover) and is included in each fund's annual report. Each fund's annual report is available upon request by calling toll-free 1-877-721-1926 or via the following hyperlink: (<https://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/889512/000119312523264618/d549250dncsr.htm>, <https://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/889512/000119312523263761/d549179dncsr.htm>, and <https://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/889512/000119312523264636/d548727dncsr.htm>).

Western Asset Institutional U.S. Treasury Reserves

For a share of each class of beneficial interest outstanding throughout each year ended August 31:					
Institutional Shares	2023	2022	2021 ¹	2020 ¹	2019 ¹
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$1.000	\$1.000	\$1.000	\$1.000	\$1.000
Income (loss) from operations:					
Net investment income	0.042	0.004	0.000 ²	0.007	0.021
Net realized gain (loss)	0.000 ²	(0.000) ²	(0.000) ²	0.002 ³	(0.000) ²
Total income from operations	0.042	0.004	0.000²	0.009	0.021
Less distributions from:					
Net investment income	(0.042)	(0.004)	(0.000) ²	(0.009)	(0.021)
Total distributions	(0.042)	(0.004)	(0.000)²	(0.009)	(0.021)
Net asset value, end of year	\$1.000	\$1.000	\$1.000	\$1.000	\$1.000
Total return⁴	4.24%	0.41%	0.01%	0.91%	2.16%
Net assets, end of year (millions)	\$5,542	\$4,530	\$7,444	\$6,252	\$4,112
Ratios to average net assets:					
Gross expenses ^{5,6}	0.31%	0.30%	0.31%	0.31%	0.32%
Net expenses ^{5,7,8}	0.18	0.12	0.09	0.18	0.18
Net investment income	4.27	0.38	0.01	0.72	2.12

¹ Per share amounts have been calculated using the average shares method.

² Amount represents less than \$0.0005 or greater than \$(0.0005) per share.

³ Calculation of the net realized gain per share does not correlate to the aggregate realized loss presented in the Statement of Operations due to the timing of sales and repurchases of Fund shares.

⁴ Performance figures may reflect fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements. In the absence of fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements, the total return would have been lower. Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

⁵ Includes the Fund's share of U.S. Treasury Reserves Portfolio's allocated expenses.

⁶ The gross expenses do not reflect the reduction in the Fund's management fee, pursuant to the Fund's investment management agreement, by the amount paid by the Fund for its allocable share of the management fee paid by U.S. Treasury Reserves Portfolio.

⁷ As a result of an expense limitation arrangement, effective December 27, 2018, the ratio of total annual fund operating expenses, other than interest, brokerage, taxes, extraordinary expenses and acquired fund fees and expenses, to average net assets of Institutional Shares did not exceed 0.18%. This expense limitation arrangement cannot be terminated prior to December 31, 2023 without the Board of Trustees' consent. Additional amounts may be voluntarily waived and/or reimbursed from time to time. Prior to December 27, 2018, the expense limitation was 0.20%.

⁸ Reflects fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements.

Western Asset Institutional U.S. Treasury Obligations Money Market Fund

For a share of each class of beneficial interest outstanding throughout each year ended August 31:					
Institutional Shares	2023	2022	2021 ¹	2020 ¹	2019 ¹
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$1.000	\$1.000	\$1.000	\$1.000	\$1.000
Income (loss) from operations:					
Net investment income	0.043	0.004	0.000 ²	0.009	0.022
Net realized gain (loss)	0.000 ²	(0.000) ²	0.000 ²	(0.001) ³	(0.001)
Total income from operations	0.043	0.004	0.000²	0.008	0.021
Less distributions from:					
Net investment income	(0.043)	(0.004)	(0.000) ²	(0.008)	(0.021)
Total distributions	(0.043)	(0.004)	(0.000)²	(0.008)	(0.021)
Net asset value, end of year	\$1.000	\$1.000	\$1.000	\$1.000	\$1.000
Total return⁴	4.34%	0.45%	0.02%	0.85%	2.17%
Net assets, end of year (000s)	\$134,967	\$7,581	\$5,127	\$26,422	\$25,646
Ratios to average net assets:					
Gross expenses ⁵	0.34%	0.83%	0.43%	0.41%	0.39%
Net expenses ^{5,6,7}	0.18	0.13	0.07	0.17	0.17
Net investment income	4.55	0.47	0.01	0.87	2.15

¹ Per share amounts have been calculated using the average shares method.

² Amount represents less than \$0.0005 or greater than \$(0.0005) per share.

³ Calculation of the net realized loss per share does not correlate to the aggregate realized gain presented in the Statement of Operations due to the timing of sales and repurchases of Fund shares.

⁴ Performance figures may reflect fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements. In the absence of fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements, the total return would have been lower. Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

⁵ Includes the Fund's share of U.S. Treasury Obligations Portfolio's allocated expenses.

⁶ As a result of an expense limitation arrangement, effective December 27, 2018, the ratio of total annual fund operating expenses, other than interest, brokerage, taxes, extraordinary expenses and acquired fund fees and expenses, to average net assets of Institutional Shares did not exceed 0.18%. This expense limitation arrangement cannot be terminated prior to December 31, 2023 without the Board of Trustees' consent. Additional amounts may be voluntarily waived and/or reimbursed from time to time. Prior to December 27, 2018, the expense limitation was 0.20%.

⁷ Reflects fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements.

Western Asset Institutional Government Reserves

For a share of each class of beneficial interest outstanding throughout each year ended August 31:

Institutional Shares	2023	2022	2021 ¹	2020 ¹	2019 ¹
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$1.000	\$1.000	\$1.000	\$1.000	\$1.000
Income (loss) from operations:					
Net investment income	0.042	0.005	0.000 ²	0.009	0.022
Net realized gain (loss) ²	0.000	(0.000)	0.000	(0.000)	(0.000)
Total income from operations	0.042	0.005	0.000²	0.009	0.022
Less distributions from:					
Net investment income	(0.042)	(0.005)	(0.000) ²	(0.009)	(0.022)
Total distributions	(0.042)	(0.005)	(0.000)²	(0.009)	(0.022)
Capital contributions	—	0.000 ²	—	—	—
Net asset value, end of year	\$1.000	\$1.000	\$1.000	\$1.000	\$1.000
Total return³	4.32%	0.46%⁴	0.01%	0.91%	2.20%
Net assets, end of year (millions)	\$11,841	\$6,233	\$9,660	\$9,561	\$7,753
Ratios to average net assets:					
Gross expenses ^{5,6}	0.29%	0.30%	0.30%	0.31%	0.32%
Net expenses ^{5,7,8}	0.18	0.10	0.10	0.18	0.16
Net investment income	4.41	0.37	0.01	0.79	2.16

¹ Per share amounts have been calculated using the average shares method.

² Amount represents less than \$0.0005 or greater than \$(0.0005) per share.

³ Performance figures may reflect fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements. In the absence of fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements, the total return would have been lower. Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

⁴ Includes the effect of a payment from affiliate. Absent the payment from affiliate, the total return would have been unchanged.

⁵ Includes the Fund's share of Government Portfolio's allocated expenses.

⁶ The gross expenses do not reflect the reduction in the Fund's management fee, pursuant to the Fund's investment management agreement, by the amount paid by the Fund for its allocable share of the management fee paid by Government Portfolio.

⁷ Reflects fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements.

⁸ As a result of an expense limitation arrangement, effective December 27, 2018, the ratio of total annual fund operating expenses, other than interest, brokerage, taxes, extraordinary expenses and acquired fund fees and expenses, to average net assets of Institutional Shares did not exceed 0.18%. This expense limitation arrangement cannot be terminated prior to December 31, 2023 without the Board of Trustees' consent. Additional amounts may be voluntarily waived and/or reimbursed from time to time. Prior to December 27, 2018, the expense limitation was 0.23%.

Legg Mason Funds Privacy and Security Notice

Your Privacy and the Security of Your Personal Information is Very Important to the Legg Mason Funds

This Privacy and Security Notice (the "Privacy Notice") addresses the Legg Mason Funds' privacy and data protection practices with respect to nonpublic personal information the Funds receive. The Legg Mason Funds include the Western Asset Money Market Funds sold by the Funds' distributor, Franklin Distributors, LLC, as well as Legg Mason-sponsored closed-end funds. The provisions of this Privacy Notice apply to your information both while you are a shareholder and after you are no longer invested with the Funds.

The Type of Nonpublic Personal Information the Funds Collect About You

The Funds collect and maintain nonpublic personal information about you in connection with your shareholder account. Such information may include, but is not limited to:

- Personal information included on applications or other forms;
- Account balances, transactions, and mutual fund holdings and positions;
- Bank account information, legal documents, and identity verification documentation; and
- Online account access user IDs, passwords, security challenge question responses.

How the Funds Use Nonpublic Personal Information About You

The Funds do not sell or share your nonpublic personal information with third parties or with affiliates for their marketing purposes, unless you have authorized the Funds to do so. The Funds do not disclose any nonpublic personal information about you except as may be required to perform transactions or services you have authorized or as permitted or required by law.

The Funds may disclose information about you to:

- Employees, agents, and affiliates on a "need to know" basis to enable the Funds to conduct ordinary business or to comply with obligations to government regulators;
- Service providers, including the Funds' affiliates, who assist the Funds as part of the ordinary course of business (such as printing, mailing services, or processing or servicing your account with us) or otherwise perform services on the Funds' behalf, including companies that may perform statistical analysis, market research and marketing services solely for the Funds;
- Permit access to transfer, whether in the United States or countries outside of the United States to such Funds' employees, agents and affiliates and service providers as required to enable the Funds to conduct ordinary business, or to comply with obligations to government regulators;
- The Funds' representatives such as legal counsel, accountants and auditors to enable the Funds to conduct ordinary business, or to comply with obligations to government regulators;
- Fiduciaries or representatives acting on your behalf, such as an IRA custodian or trustee of a grantor trust.

Except as otherwise permitted by applicable law, companies acting on the Funds' behalf, including those outside the United States, are contractually obligated to keep nonpublic personal information the Funds provide to them confidential and to use the information the Funds share only to provide the services the Funds ask them to perform.

The Funds may disclose nonpublic personal information about you when necessary to enforce their rights or protect against fraud, or as permitted or required by applicable law, such as in connection with a law enforcement or regulatory request, subpoena, or similar legal process. In the event of a corporate action or in the event a Fund service provider changes, the Funds may be required to disclose your nonpublic personal information to third parties. While it is the Funds' practice to obtain protections for disclosed information in these types of transactions, the Funds cannot guarantee their privacy policy will remain unchanged.

Keeping You Informed of the Funds' Privacy and Security Practices

The Funds will notify you annually of their privacy policy as required by federal law. While the Funds reserve the right to modify this policy at any time, they will notify you promptly if this privacy policy changes.

The Funds' Security Practices

The Funds maintain appropriate physical, electronic and procedural safeguards designed to guard your nonpublic personal information. The Funds' internal data security policies restrict access to your nonpublic personal information to authorized employees, who may use your nonpublic personal information for Fund business purposes only.

Although the Funds strive to protect your nonpublic personal information, they cannot ensure or warrant the security of any information you provide or transmit to them, and you do so at your own risk. In the event of a breach of the confidentiality or security of your nonpublic personal information, the Funds will attempt to notify you as necessary so you can take appropriate protective steps. If you have consented to the Funds using electronic communications or electronic delivery of statements, they may notify you under such circumstances using the most current email address you have on record with them.

In order for the Funds to provide effective service to you, keeping your account information accurate is very important. If you believe that your account information is incomplete, not accurate or not current, if you have questions about the Funds' privacy practices, or our use of your nonpublic personal information, write the Funds using the contact information on your account statements, email the Funds by clicking on the Contact Us section of the Funds' website at www.franklintempleton.com, or contact the Funds at 1-877-721-1926 for the Western Asset Money Market Funds or 1-888-777-0102 for the Legg Mason-sponsored closed-end funds.

Revised October 2022

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Legg Mason California Consumer Privacy Act Policy

Although much of the personal information we collect is “nonpublic personal information” subject to federal law, residents of California may, in certain circumstances, have additional rights under the California Consumer Privacy Act (“CCPA”). For example, if you are a broker, dealer, agent, fiduciary, or representative acting by or on behalf of, or for, the account of any other person(s) or household, or a financial advisor, or if you have otherwise provided personal information to us separate from the relationship we have with personal investors, the provisions of this Privacy Policy apply to your personal information (as defined by the CCPA).

In addition to the provisions of the Legg Mason Funds Security and Privacy Notice, you may have the right to know the categories and specific pieces of personal information we have collected about you.

You also have the right to request the deletion of the personal information collected or maintained by the Funds.

If you wish to exercise any of the rights you have in respect of your personal information, you should advise the Funds by contacting them as set forth below. The rights noted above are subject to our other legal and regulatory obligations and any exemptions under the CCPA. You may designate an authorized agent to make a rights request on your behalf, subject to the identification process described below. We do not discriminate based on requests for information related to our use of your personal information, and you have the right not to receive discriminatory treatment related to the exercise of your privacy rights.

We may request information from you in order to verify your identity or authority in making such a request. If you have appointed an authorized agent to make a request on your behalf, or you are an authorized agent making such a request (such as a power of attorney or other written permission), this process may include providing a password/passcode, a copy of government issued identification, affidavit or other applicable documentation, i.e. written permission. We may require you to verify your identity directly even when using an authorized agent, unless a power of attorney has been provided. We reserve the right to deny a request submitted by an agent if suitable and appropriate proof is not provided.

For the 12-month period prior to the date of this Privacy Policy, the Legg Mason Funds have not sold any of your personal information; nor do we have any plans to do so in the future.

Contact Information

Address: Data Privacy Officer, 100 International Dr., Baltimore, MD 21202

Email: DataProtectionOfficer@franklintonleton.com

Phone: 1-800-396-4748

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Western Asset

Institutional U.S. Treasury Reserves

Institutional U.S. Treasury Obligations Money Market Fund

Institutional Government Reserves

Institutional Shares

You may visit www.franklintempleton.com/moneymarketfunds for a free copy of a Prospectus, Statement of Additional Information ("SAI") or an Annual or Semi-Annual Report.

Shareholder reports Additional information about a fund's investments is available in the fund's Annual and Semi-Annual Reports to shareholders. In the fund's Annual Report, you will find a discussion of the market conditions and investment strategies that significantly affected the fund's performance during its last fiscal year. The independent registered public accounting firm's report and financial statements in the fund's Annual Report are incorporated by reference into (are legally a part of) this Prospectus

(<https://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/889512/000119312523264618/d549250dncsr.htm>,
<https://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/889512/000119312523263761/d549179dncsr.htm>, and
<https://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/889512/000119312523264636/d548727dncsr.htm>).

Each fund sends only one report to a household if more than one account has the same last name and same address. Contact your Service Agent or the fund if you do not want this policy to apply to you.

Statement of additional information The SAI provides more detailed information about the funds and is incorporated by reference into (is legally a part of) this Prospectus.

You can make inquiries about the funds or obtain shareholder reports or the SAI (without charge) by contacting your Service Agent, by calling the funds at 1-877-721-1926 or 1-203-703-6002, or by writing to the funds at BNY Mellon, Attn: Western Asset Money Market Funds, P.O. Box 534447, Pittsburgh, PA 15253-4447.

Reports and other information about the funds are available on the EDGAR Database on the Securities and Exchange Commission's Internet site at <http://www.sec.gov>. Copies of this information may be obtained for a duplicating fee by electronic request at the following E-mail address: publicinfo@sec.gov.

If someone makes a statement about the funds that is not in this Prospectus, you should not rely upon that information. Neither the funds nor the Distributor is offering to sell shares of a fund to any person to whom the fund may not lawfully sell its shares.